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—ACTS 16-31.—

## REVIVAL MEETINGS EVERY NIGHT

AT THE

## Methodist Church.

Music will be in charge of  
Mrs. E. T. Pryor of Chicago.

..Everybody Welcome..

## Money to Loan

On Improved Farms and City Property.

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Deeds, Mortgages, Land Contracts, etc., carefully drawn.

**For Rent** A five room house four blocks from west side postoffice.

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## WOOD COUNTY NATIONAL BANK

Capital \$50,000. Surplus \$25,000.

Commenced Business November 1st, 1901.

FRANK GARRISON, President, F. J. WOOD, Cashier.

DIRECTORS: F. Garrison, L. M. Alexander, Thos. E. Nash, E. Reenies, F. J. Wood.

Safety Deposit Boxes For Rent.

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### Stop It.

A neglected cough or cold may lead to serious bronchial or lung troubles. Don't take chances when Foley's Honey and Tar affords perfect security from serious effects of a cold. Sold by Johnson & Hill Co.

### A Life at Stake.

If you but knew the splendid merit of Foley's Honey and Tar you would never be without it. A dose or two will prevent an attack of pneumonia or la grippe. It may save your life. For sale by Johnson & Hill Co.

## CRANBERRY MEN'S ANNUAL MEETING.

A GOOD ATTENDANCE AT THE  
CITY HALL ON TUESDAY.

Many Interesting Papers Read by Those in Attendance.—Reports of a Prosperous Year Just Passed.—Some Fine Exhibits.

The seventeenth annual convention of the Wisconsin State Cranberry Growers association occurred at the City hall on the west side on Tuesday morning at nine o'clock. The attendance was fairly good for a January meeting, the many of the familiar faces at an event of this kind were absent.

Secretary Fitch explained this fact by the conditions of prosperity that have existed all over the country among cranberry men, saying that many who are usually at home attending to business at this time of the year, are now away traveling, engaged in spending some of the profits that the last few years in the cranberry business has netted them.

In the absence of Charles Briere, whose sickness prevented him from attending the meeting, S. N. Whittlesey took the chair and called the meeting to order, he being the vice president of the association. In opening the meeting, he said:

"Fellow growers:—Our esteemed president, Mr. Charles Briere, is very sick and unable to preside as usual at this meeting. Our sympathy and devout well wishes are with him and his family.

The past year has been a fairly prosperous one for Wisconsin cranberry growers. Unlike the previous year, which was a prosperous one for both grower and dealer, the year just passed has brought considerable loss to the buyer. While this is unfortunate for the buyer it is also unfortunate for the grower, who to some extent, may be to blame for it and may have to pay for it next time. The whole Wisconsin crop could have been sold early at good prices, \$8.50 for a good bell and cherry, \$7.50 for a strictly fancy berry, Jam box and Bell and Bagles, and moved out of the way at a profit, but in too many cases the grower hung on too long for higher prices and at the last minute he got it (lucky dog), but a sag in the market caught the buyer. Perhaps we do not sufficiently appreciate the fact that our best interests demands that we safeguard all interests concerned. We are not, all of us sufficiently thorough in our grading. We raise this fruit to sell, not to eat, and while some small pie berries left in would not hurt the sauce much, it hurts the sale. All buyers particularly require that all pie or small berries of 3/4 inch or under be taken out. They are not so particular about further grading. This is more to the advantage of the grower. Our machinery and methods are frequently inadequate; they must be improved. When hand picking over is necessary, it should be thorough and not a pretense. Avoid handling as much as possible. We can pick over and paw over berries and damage them at every process. If we brand our packages, the brand must tell the truth, or trouble will overtake us.

An association or trust of all the growers for the purpose of marketing the crop thru one able and responsible agency will come as soon as the growers awake to a lively appreciation of the spirit of the times and their own interests.

The water supply and drainage requirements of cranberry growers render the business, the interests and operations of all cranberry growers particularly interdependent and mutual. If all or any of us cannot rise to a sensible solution of this situation we probably can and will snuff ourselves and some of our neighbors with us out of business.

The experimental station of the association has been transferred to the state. The state now, under the direction of Dean Henry of the University, is propagating varieties and experimenting with methods and conditions in a thorough and scientific manner. The state is also investigating the causes of the poor keeping qualities of a large part of the crop of Wisconsin cranberries. The state is doing in this instance just what a state ought to do; what a state is for. In the state the people have an organization practically omnipotent thru which they can do anything they will. And it is surprising how little they do for their own betterment and how much they turn over to private interests to make what there is in the traffic."

The next subject on the program was the report of the statistician. This was made by Judge Gaynor. He spoke of the vital importance of the prices in governing the consumption of berries, and stated that the consumption of the fruit was constant, and that the price was changed by the supply, rather than the demand. He stated that it was of great importance that the supply of fruit be known definitely to the growers, as upon this information they could base their prices better than on anything else. He stated that some growers in the east had concealed the largeness of the crop and had by this method kept berries at an abnormal price for a time, and that the subsequent slump in the market price worked to the detriment of these same growers. His statistics also showed that the consumption of the berry was increasing. He gave the crop for the year 1903 as 550,000 bushels in New England, 450,000 in the middle states, and 100,000 in the western states, or a total of 900,000. This is twenty per cent above the average for the past seven years.

M. O. Potter, treasurer of the organization, then made his report, which showed it to be on a sound financial basis. Prof. A. B. Whitson of the University of Wisconsin then gave an address, taking as his subject, Co-operation in Water supply and drainage. He told how necessary it was that growers should work together in this matter, and this a fact that the growers are beginning to appreciate more and more, and there is no doubt but that the day is rapidly approaching when cranberry men will work as a unit in this matter. Prof. Whitson also told of the great irrigation scheme at Greeley, Col., which apply illustrated his standing on the question.

A letter was received from Dr. W. M. Wilson, the Milwaukee weather man who spoke at the August meeting of the convention. It was expected the Mr. Wilson would be present at this meeting, but he stated in his letter that January was one of his busy months, and much as he would like to attend the meeting, it was impossible for him to do so.

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A letter was also received from G. A. Murray of New London, who had been assigned the subject of, The Best Method of Planting and Caring for Vines after Planting. Mr. Murray stated that he had been in the business of growing cranberries only three years and felt as if he was in the kindergarten when compared with some of the veterans in this section of the country, and consequently excused himself from expressing any opinions at this stage of the game.

A letter was also read from Lucian J. Fosdick, one of the veteran growers in Boston. Mr. Fosdick is an earnest advocate of the 32 dry measure quart crate as a standard for shipping instead of the barrel as it now exists. He expressed his regret at not being able to be present at the meeting and stated that he would furnish an article later in which he would give some of his views.

J. J. Hammerick spoke on the subject of fertilizers. He has been experimenting the past summer on four different kinds, but at this time his researches have not extended over enough time so that he was able to give any definite information on the subject. He intends to continue in the work, however, and will be able to give some information that will be of benefit to all the growers.

S. N. Whittlesey spoke on Early vs. Late Draining. He expressed himself as being strongly in favor of early draining. This started a discussion in which several of those present took part, and the general sentiment among the good growers present was in favor of early draining.

D. F. Smith of the firm of Smith & Murphy of Green Bay, then spoke on the Best Methods of Marketing. Mr. Smith is engaged in the commission business and gave a very interesting talk from his point of view. It was his opinion that one of the most requisite things between the grower and buyer was confidence. After this had been established it was his opinion that the whole crop could be handled by one man or firm of men who would be able to place the crop to the best advantage and at a less cost than is now done. His advice was for co-operation, and this was the solution of many of the difficulties that have been thorns in the side of the growers.

Prof. Sanderson spoke on Insects and Fungus growths that tend to interfere with the growth of the cranberry. The professor has succeeded in separating two fungi that attack the

### TELEPHONE MEN MEET.

Many Interesting Points Discussed at the Annual Business Session

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Wood County Telephone Company was held on Monday evening at the city hall on the west side. The company had several interesting matters to discuss, among which was the matter of rebuilding the marsh line.

This marsh line was one of the first independent systems in the state, and it was built and operated in opposition to the Bell Company some ten or fifteen years ago. When the local company was organized the marsh line was turned over to the new company with the understanding that in consideration of the rental the Wood County company should keep the marsh line in good working order and properly repaired and equipped. It seems, however, that now the time has come when it is necessary to rebuild the line, that the members of the company realize that they have the worst of the bargain, and as a consequence they would like to see some honorable way out of the difficulty.

The marsh people propose to rebuild the line at their own expense, and then have the company rebate ten per cent of the cost each year until fifty per cent of the cost of the line is returned to the builders. This proposition will be considered by the company. Another matter that was discussed was the increase of rates as the business of the exchange has increased. In most every business the cost of operating decreases as the volume of business increases. In the telephone business, however, it has proven different, the cost per phone being greater now than it was when there was a much less number. Matters were also discussed concerning the installation of phones for a short time. This has caused some trouble, as persons would order in a phone and then after a couple of months discontinue the use of it, with the consequence that it had cost the company much more to install the phone than the rental had amounted to. It was proposed that every person who becomes a subscriber to the service shall give bonds to pay rental for at least two years, and thus in a measure do away with this difficulty.

A. L. Fontaine, who has been president of the company for the past four years, tendered his resignation as a director, considering that he has contributed his share of time toward the success of the concern. The directors elected for the ensuing year were Geo. W. Davis, Theo. W. Brazeau, Geo. W. Paulus, John E. Daly and H. E. Herick, the latter being from Nekoosa. The matter of inducing people who are not subscribers already to become so was also discussed, and it was thought that many would become stockholders in the company if they were approached on the subject. This brought up some discussion, and the point was brought out, that if a stockholder was to receive 12 per cent on his investment, why would it not be better to borrow money at 7 per cent from a money lender and thus get it at a less rate than from the stockholder himself.

While this may be a fact from a business point of view, at the same time the liberal pursuit of the policy would defeat the intention of the company in every way.

### Plainfield Wins Game.

The game of basket ball at the high school gymnasium between the Plainfield team and the team from this city, resulted in a victory for the Plainfield by a score of 23 to 34.

This was the second game that the local team has played, and they showed great improvement over their last game. Our boys are all small and light compared with the Plainfield boys, and when the difference in the size of the two teams was noted it was a wonder that our boys managed to hold the visitors down as well as they did.

Then the umpire, who was from Plainfield, called so many fouls, that about all the time was taken up in one side or the other making free throws for the basket. Everybody likes to see a good straight game, no matter which side wins, but when fouls are called on such trivial things that the game is reduced to a state of babyishness, it becomes disgusting to the onlooker, and he feels as if he had wasted his time in attending the affair.

The Plainfield team went from here to Marshfield and played the high school team of that city, Marshfield winning the game.

### Unclaimed Letters.

West Side Miss Anna Kathier, Alvis Neumann, Effie Brooker, M. P. Sweet.

### Win Cases in Supreme Court.

Our local Attorneys, Goggins & Brazeau and D. D. Conway received word on Tuesday that the cases in the supreme court which they had been conducting, had been decided in their favor.

D. D. Conway's case was that of Kennedy vs. Plank. Plank sold Kennedy a quantity of coppers for Glauher salts and the poison was fed to Kennedy's horses, with the result that one of them died and two others were injured. The circuit court awarded Kennedy damages and an appeal was taken by the defendant. The supreme court affirmed the decision of the lower court. This was Mr. Conway's first case before the Supreme court and he is naturally pleased over the result.

Goggins & Brazeau's case was that of Hunt vs. Stafford and was famous Adams county election case. Adams county is a strong republican county and Hunt was the regular nominee for the office of sheriff on the republican ticket. It appeared, however, that a majority of the voters did not favor Hunt's nomination and as a consequence they got together and placed Earl Stafford in nomination against Hunt. Stafford was elected by a good majority. Hunt claimed the office for the reason that Stafford had not been nominated in strict compliance with the caucus laws as they are worked under the Australian system. It was so evident, however, that Stafford was the choice of the people that the circuit court decided in his favor. The case was appealed by the plaintiff and the supreme court affirmed the verdict of the lower court.

This case was watched with much interest by a large number of people who are interested in election matters, as it may have considerable bearing on the caucus laws.

### For Our Local Capitalists.

The editor of the Tribune has just received another fine assortment of circulars pertaining to mining stock, and these circulars offer us stock in some world famed mine in the west at the nominal price of fifty cents per share.

The stock is a sure winner, because the circulars say so, and the fellow who wrote them ought to know what he was talking about. However, circumstances over which we have no control compels us to turn down the offer of this western philanthropist, but if there are any of our banker friends who would like to double their money in a few minutes we will gladly turn the snag over to them.

## Calumet Baking Powder

Perfect in quality.  
Moderate in price.

T. B. SCOTT

## FREE LIBRARY.

—HOURS—

From 2:30 to 6 p. m., & 7 to 8:30 p. m.  
Every Day Except Sunday.

From 9 to 12:00 Saturday morning.  
Children's Room Closed After 6 O'clock



**THE MAKE  
SHOE**  
Americas  
best shoe  
for women  
All styles  
one price  
**\$3.50**

—For Sale by—

**I. ZIMMERMAN,**  
The Leading Shoe Man.





## Influence of Farm Reading.

"It is a noticeable fact that good hired men much prefer working for farmers who have plenty of good reading on the tables."

This quotation taken from an editorial in a recent issue of a worthy contemporary would be a most admirable text for an elaborate discussion of the hired help question, but I am only going to touch on the most pertinent relations of agricultural literature to farm help that suggests themselves.

First of all is the fact that, as a rule, farmers who are liberal patrons of the farm papers and who have an abundance of agricultural literature in their homes, have the best class of hired men, and, equally applicable and true, that the better class of hired men are found where a good supply of such reading is in evidence.

Does it seem a far cry to the reason for this, or does it occur to you that this may be merely a coincidence? Go naming the many hundreds of farms in the north and south, in the east and west, as I have done, and the reason will soon be made evident to you, and any coincidence theory will be rudely exploded.

An inherent law attracts like to like, and, practically, that is the solution of the condition. The farmer who is seriously and intelligently interested in farming makes an effort to secure interested and intelligent labor. The laborer who is interested in farming and seeks to better not only his present condition but his prospects for the future endeavors to associate himself with intelligent farmers who are studying their business to the end of a betterment of their own conditions, for such men, unless irretrievably handicapped, usually succeed, and the practical experience, the laborer has had with such men prove well learned lessons that have given him a valuable education that has come to him incidentally, without cost, and yet without price.

On the other hand, the farmer who farms because he cannot do anything else, and does not do that well, nor care to do better, the "happy-go-lucky come tomorrow" class of farmers, have laborers who are seldom worth their hire. They are full brothers to "Give-a-damn Jones." The farmer himself is not disposed to improve his methods by reading and is seldom interested in his work, so why should his hired help be interested in something which his employer is not? It is only the rare exception that he is, and, now you come to the original premises, if he is interested and wants to learn more of the work, he forthwith seeks an employer who can afford him such an opportunity.

The unlearned, unthinking, uninterested, careless, haphazard, deep-furrow farmer does not make a success of his work, does not make money, and so cannot pay a good living wage to his hired man and he gets what the other fellow does not want and would not hire, knowingly at any price.

The reading, thinking, studiously interested farmer succeeds in his work, makes a good profit on his investment and work and can afford to pay good, liberal wages to the best class of hired help, and cannot afford to hire any other kind. The latter class of farmers usually take an interest in their employees. They make a personal effort to secure a reasonable degree of comfort for them and are solicitous for their contentment. They see to it that their hired help are satisfied, and in the end they liberally profit by any expense of time and money to accomplish such results.

If you want to keep good hired men on your farm take the same interest in them and their surroundings that you expect them to take in you and your work. You will find such an effort to be a boomerang that will secure pleasing results. Try it. Apply it liberally and often, and if developments are slow to materialize just continue the treatment until favorable results are secured.

Place papers where your employees can read, ask them, persuade them if necessary. The more you can get them to read the more they will want read, and you will find your few dollars spent for farm papers a good, investment. R. M. Winans

One to the marvels of the age will be the raising of Galveston from seven to twenty feet above the gulf to avoid future danger from the tidal wave which destroyed the city and involved enormous loss of life but a few years ago. The filling in of the site will necessarily include raising of residences and many business blocks. It is considered a great undertaking yet a necessity to avoid a recurrence of the recent horror.

## An Editor's Recommendation.

Mr. H. J. Keeler, publisher of the Press, Maiden Rock, Wis., writes, "Allow me to say that I have recently used a bottle of Hart's Honey and Horchound and found it a valuable remedy for a cold and cough. I have personally recommended it in several cases and hear a good word from all." When our readers need a reliable medicine for Colds, Coughs, Croup, and Whooping Cough there is no other so satisfactory as Hart's Honey and Horchound. Large bottles 25c, 50c and \$1.00. Sold by Sam Church and John E. Daily Druggists.

## Recipes.

From a solely pecuniary point of view there is no incentive to grow either grade cranberries unless they can be disposed of to advantage. It is, therefore, of prime importance that the demand should be kept fully in line with the supply, if not a little ahead of it. Improper care in handling and poor cooking are, today, great stumbling blocks in the way of consumption. Ignorance or indifference of the real value and value of the fruit is another one. All, with intelligence, industry, instruction and interest, can be converted and changed into stepping stones for a broader and better distribution.

General Directions for Cooking. As cranberries contain such strong acids, there is no fruit which will as quickly set upon the iron or brass when brought in contact. Hence, always cook cranberries in earthen or porcelain lined vessels or granite or agate kettles, or still better, aluminum kettles which are now quite reasonable in price, are light to handle, will not tarnish or discolor the succulent do not easily scorch the material that is being cooked. As soon as the sauce is done, remove from kettle to glass dish. Never let any article of food containing cranberries stand in anything but earthenware or glass. Granulated sugar should always be used, as poorer qualities of sugar or molasses destroy the flavor of the fruit. Wash the fruit and sort out defective berries before cooking.

SPOICED.—This abundant winter fruit makes an excellent relish when spiced. Boil together three and a half pounds of brown sugar, two cupsful of vinegar, two tablespoonfuls each of ground cinnamon and allspice, and one tablespoonful of ground cloves. When this has been cooked to a syrup, add five pounds of cranberries. Simmer slowly for two hours. Put away in a covered stone jar.

CAPE COD SYRUP.—Make a syrup of two cups of sugar and one cup of boiling water, letting it boil about seven minutes; skim carefully. Take one quart of cranberries, choosing only large firm ones, of uniform size and ripeness. Wash and drain and add to the syrup. Let them cook about five minutes or until they become tender. Do not stir them, but shake the kettle. Watch closely that they do not cook to pieces—the berries around the edge of the kettle will cook most quickly—take those out as they become tender and ready to burst. When finished they ought to look like preserved cherries—and be whole—and the syrup a clear red.

CATSUP.—If the catsup supply is running low, replenish with a delicious substitute made from cranberries.

Cook together ten pounds of berries, one quart of vinegar, five pounds of brown sugar, three tablespoonfuls of cinnamon, two tablespoonfuls of allspice, one tablespoonful each of cloves and salt and a quarter teaspoonful of cayenne. Boil slowly till thick, then strain and bottle.

Fruit that is to be preserved must be fresh, of fine flavor, without bruise or bluish, and not over ripe; for, contradictory as it may appear, the moment fruit reaches the point of perfect maturity it begins to deteriorate in quality. It is a prevalent but mistaken notion which many economy-loving women hold, that the canning season should be delayed until the fruit is at the cheapest. If taste is valued, first fruits should always be obtained for this purpose.—Collier's Weekly.

JELLY.—Pick over and wash a quart of cranberries. Drain off the water and put the wet berries into the inner vessel of a double boiler, filling the outer with lukewarm water. Cover closely. Bring to a boil and keep this up until the berries are broken to pieces and scalding hot. Strain and press in a cheesecloth bag into a clean saucepan, and heat to boiling very quickly. Add a cupful of sugar that has been heated in the oven, take from the fire as soon as the sugar is melted, and when almost cold turn into a mold wet with cold water.

In another column appears a notice concerning the new course in agriculture at the university. While there are now over five hundred students at the Agricultural College, Dean Henry feels that there is still room for another class viz., grown-up busy farmers who can leave home but for a short time. Two weeks spent at the college with the professors and instructors as well as with other good farmers from all over the state will certainly bring large returns.

Write Dean Henry for his "Picture book" and the circular telling about the course. Arrange to spend a couple of weeks at Madison this winter taking your wife with you if possible. There are a thousand things about the University that will interest her. Here is a chance of an outing combining pleasure with instruction.

—The Wisconsin Central Ry reaches the principal points in Wisconsin, offering Pullman Sleepers, Free Reclining Chair Cars, modern coaches and dining and cafe service, between Chicago, Milwaukee, Manitowish, and St. Paul, Minneapolis, Ashland, and Duluth. Connections are made with diverging lines at all terminal points. Meals served a la carte. For tickets, sleeping car reservations and further information apply to agents of this company or write Jas. C. Pond, Gen'l. Pass. Agt., Milwaukee, Wis.

—Fatal kidney and bladder trouble can always be prevented by the use of Foley's Kidney Cure. Sold by Johnson & Hill Co.

## HORSES AND HORSEMEN.

Brandon, 2:12 1/4, died from lockjaw recently at Courtland, Ala.

Frank Bogash, 2:03 1/4, is the fastest horse ever driven by the late James Golden.

It is reported that Harold H. 2:04 will again wear the Indiana pajamas next season.

Scott McCoy has severed his connection as trainer with Frank Jones of Memphis, Tenn.

Billy Andrews thinks he has a pretty good trotter for next season's 2:12 trot in Re-elected, 2:11 1/2.

Mush, 2:08 1/4, has been shifted to the trot, and it is said that he can step pretty lively at that gait.

George Saunders of Greenville, O., will winter the native horses of H. M. Mauna at Thomasville, Ga.

Ed Geers believes that Onward Silver has not reached the limit of his speed and thinks that he can drive him in 2:04.

Irvin Kelley of Versailles, Ky., recently worked Blue Blood, 2:15, by Aristocrat, dam by Robert McGregor, a mile in 2:11.

## EDITORIAL FLINGS.

Cole Younger has gone into the real estate business. It is simply impossible to eradicate the spirit of banditry in some men.—Washington Post.

John D. Rockefeller, Jr., is disappointed because it's a girl. Daughters cost so much nowadays, especially if you buy them a duke.—Atlanta Journal.

The fact that a member of congress has a railway pass in his pocket will not prevent him from accepting mileage from the government.—Savannah News.

Germany is planning to have thirty-eight modern battleships completed by 1920. Great guns! Does Germany expect to stay modern until 1920? How long does it take a battleship to become ancient anyhow?—Indianapolis Sentinel.

It is alleged that a number of Philadelphia's wealthiest men have recently lost \$500,000,000 through investments in various wildcat schemes. It would appear from this that the get-rich-quick craze is not confined to persons of little means.—Troy Times.

## SHORT STORIES.

Suicide is rare among the aged. A St. Louis widow was married recently with a baby in her arms.

The average Italian immigrant has \$11 in his pocket; the average German \$34.

Very valuable tobacco land has been located in eastern Texas. The soil and climate are similar to those of Cuba.

New York has 250 hotels, London more than 500. But New York's hotels will hold nearly as many people as London's greater number.

Pennobscot county claims the oldest horse in Maine, if not in the country. His name is Tommy Foskett. He is forty-two years old, and there is no question about his age.

A monument to the Massachusetts men who died at the siege of Vicksburg was dedicated recently in the new government park there. It is the gift of Mrs. H. H. Kilson of Boston; and the ceremony was the first of its kind on the site of the old battlefield.

## ENGLISH ETCHINGS.

London fever hospitals can accommodate 6,000 patients.

The lifeboats, around the British coast during the last year rescued 680 people.

Appendicitis insurance policies are issued in England at \$1.25 a year for every \$500.

The population of Ireland, which fifty years ago was over 8,000,000, is now less than 4,500,000.

Ten British towns besides London are larger than Dublin, which has now 245,000 people. Edinburgh beats Dublin by 57,000.

Londoners are becoming accustomed to the sight of the comfortable carriages which convey crippled children between their homes and the schools, which, thanks largely to the energy of Mrs. Humphry Ward, now form part of the educational system of the London school board.

## HINTS ON GIVING.

We should not give people things they don't want.

We should avoid giving anybody the milks or the chicken pox if we can help it.

Do not give a friend the cold shoulder without baked beans and hot coffee to go with it.

Do not give red suspenders to a total stranger. He might prefer those of a pale blue shade instead.

Do not present a bucking broncho to a tall, pale man of sedentary habits, as he would not likely live long to enjoy it.

When you give castor oil to a howling infant, give it for its intrinsic worth and not merely as an evidence of your regard.—Lippincott's.

## WORLD'S FAIR NOTES.

The exposition will cover two square miles, or 1,240 acres—a larger area than that of the Chicago, Omaha, Buffalo and Paris expositions combined.

A feature of Washington's state horticultural exhibit will be a display of celery four feet high and rhubarb the same height and five inches thick.

Thirty-five miles of roadway have been constructed within the world's fair grounds. A large portion of this is asphalt. Most of the roadways are generously shaded, and all are elaborately treated by the landscape architect.

## Dragging Pains

2325 Keeley St., Chicago, Ill., Oct., 2, 1902.

I suffered with falling and congestion of the womb, with severe pains through the groin. I suffered terribly at the time of menstruation, had blinding headaches and rushing of blood to the brain. What to try I knew not, for it seemed that I had tried all and failed, but I had never tried Wine of Cardui, that blessed remedy for sick women. I found it pleasant to take and soon knew that I had the right medicine. New blood seemed to course through my veins and after using eleven bottles I was a well woman.

Maudie Bush

Mrs. Bush is now in perfect health because she took Wine of Cardui for menstrual disorders, bearing down pains and blinding headaches when all other remedies failed to bring her relief. Any sufferer may secure health by taking Wine of Cardui in her home. The first bottle convinces the patient she is on the road to health.

For advice in cases requiring special directions, address, giving symptoms, "The Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

WINE OF CARDUI



DR. SECRIST, The Specialist

New method of treatment in ALL CHRONIC DISEASES.

Consultation Sincerely confidential Examination and advice Free.

DR. SECRIST WILL VISIT

Grand Rapids, JAN. 19

WITTER HOUSE.

No pay unless cured

The doctor's wonderful power of diagnosis, greatest of all gifts, enables him to determine the causes of obscure and chronic ailments, and to apply certain remedies which effect certain, speedy and permanent cures. X-Ray examinations in appropriate cases upon reasonable notice.

Hope for the Afflicted.

Many hundreds of sufferers pronounced by other physicians as hopelessly incurable, have been restored to health by Dr. Secrist.

Letters of endorsement from many prominent clergymen and hundreds of grateful patients are on file in his office.

The doctor has devoted much time and attention in the French hospitals to the study of

All Special Diseases of Men

and has imported many special medicines and appliances necessary to effect certain cures in the worst cases of

Physical Weakness, Varicocele, Impotency, Nervous Debility, Etc.

caused by youthful errors, night losses, general dissipation, improper treatment and neglect.

The doctor will forfeit \$500 where a cure is guaranteed and not effected. Kidney and Bladder diseases treated by new and eminently successful methods.

Catarrh in all its various forms; positive, prompt and permanent cures always effected.

Club Feet, cross eyes, and all other deformities treated with special care and unflinching success.

Nervous Diseases, Epilepsy and diseases of the blood and skin always yield to the doctor's modern methods of treatment.

Piles cured permanently without detention from business and without the use of the knife.

Lung Troubles receive careful attention, and are always treated successfully, when not too long neglected.

Delay is Dangerous.—Those who are chronically ailing should lose no time in consulting a special physician whose reputation for skill is so well and widely known.

Special attention given to

Diseases Peculiar to Women

No unnecessary exposure. No examination. No sacrifice of modesty. The doctor does not publish his patients' names except with their full consent and approval.

English, French and German spoken Address:

DR. H. C. SECRIST,

Chicago, - Milwaukee.

Address all mail to the Chicago offices, 4714 Calumet Ave., Chicago. Established, 1880.

## VICTORIA, DEWEY, SUNBEAM

### A WISE WOMAN

Knows that one of the first requisites in making good bread is to have first-class flour, and she will generally have it if it is obtainable.

### A WISE MAN

Will always see to it that his wife has good flour and to make sure of the matter he will order VICTORIA, DEWEY or SUNBEAM.

## GRAND RAPIDS MILLING CO.

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Geo. La Breche, Agent, Grand Rapids, Wis. Telephone 333

## REPAIRING...

I do anything in the line of repairing Sewing machines, bicycles. Razors shears and saws sharpened. All work guaranteed.

The Best Carpenter Tools can always be found here.

A full line of fine Cutlery, Guns, and Revolvers kept in stock.

D. M. HUNTINGTON'S, East Side Near City Hall.

## A Fair Exchange Is no Robbery,

That is what we give you when you buy Lumber of us. We have got into this habit and we cannot help it now. We manufacture our lumber right here, so you see that there is no freight tacked on for you to pay. That is why our price is always lower than the other fellow's. Let us figure on your bill.

## GRAND RAPIDS LBR. CO.

Office west of the St. Paul track.

## The Progressive Gentlemen

of the city who appreciate nice hanging sleeves, clean fitting shoulders, stylish lapels and handsomely finished edges are those I take special pleasure in pleasing. Leave your order for a suit or overcoat with

## M. J. SLATTERY,

Corriveau Building, West Side.

Over Gross & Lyons' Store, Corner French and Cranberry Sts.

## Grand Rapids Tribune

BY DRUMB & SUTOR.

Grand Rapids, Wis., Jan. 13, 1904

Entered at the Post Office at Grand Rapids, Wis., as second-class mail matter.

### SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One Year.....\$1.50  
Six Months.....75

## CRANBERRY MEN'S ANNUAL MEETING.

Continued from page 1.

cranberry, but has not investigated the matter fully enough to enable him to make any report that would be of any benefit to growers. The only insect that bothers the fruit to any extent is the fruit worm, and so far the only efficient fight against this pest is made by flooding. Professor Sandsten is also advocating the drying of the berries thoroughly in the packing house, and thus save a lot of loss later on by the rotting of berries by their being put away wet.

L. W. Haskins of the University of Wisconsin has been investigating the effect of water on the berries during the growing and picking of the same.

He has investigated a large number of cases where berries have rotted after being sent to market and has decided that much of it is caused by the water on the berries and their being packed in a wet or damp condition, which produces a condition that favors the rotting of the berries later on.

Fred W. Gebhart of Warrens read a paper on the construction of ditches, drains and bulkheads, which was very practical in its suggestions and was listened to with interest by those present.

James Gaynor talked on the part being played in cranberry culture by machinery, and stated that in his opinion there was yet much to be done in this line. Mr. Gaynor is the inventor of a ditching and scalping plow and a grader, all of which have proven great labor savers. There was a fine display of samples from the experimental station, there being some 180 different varieties. A committee consisting of Prof. Sandsten, L. P. Haskins, E. K. Tuttle, D. P. Smith was appointed to select certain varieties for propagation.

E. K. Tuttle read a paper on Pruning Vines for Raking.

This is a subject that interests cranberry men in this section now, as it is becoming apparent that the severity of pickers will soon force all growers to adopt this method of harvesting to the exclusion of the old way.

Judge Gaynor had an article on Conditions that Favor the Blossom Bud, which was of a scientific nature and was listened to with interest by those present.

There was a general discussion whether official inspection by the government would be a good thing for the growers and whether it would not be beneficial to compel every grower to brand his barrel plainly with the growers name and the kind of berries the barrel contains, after which it would not only be easy to trace any poorly packed or bad berries to the person or persons that were responsible for the trouble, and besides this it would be a check on those persons who had any inclination to put

any inferior stock on the market.

There was nothing definite done on the matter.

Those present at the meeting were S. A. Warner, Warrens; F. J. Hoffman, John M. King, Charles Snippen, Mather; Nels Johnson, Valley Junction; Fred W. Gebhart, Richard Rezin, Warrens; L. M. Purviance, E. K. Tuttle, E. A. Granshaw, Mather; Prof. A. R. Whitson, Prof. E. P. Sandsten, L. P. Haskins, University of Wisconsin; John E. Arpin, M. O. Potter, A. E. Bennett, C. E. Lester, W. H. Kitch, John A. Gaynor Grand Rapids; James Gaynor, Cranmoor; C. G. Dano, Mather; J. J. Emmerick, Cranmoor; John Graisher, Gay Potter, Geo Hill, G. W. Paulus, Grand Rapids, E. E. Warner, Cranmoor; J. D. Potter, Pittsville; J. J. McGovern, Cranmoor; C. M. Stevens, Mather; Ralph Smith, B. M. Vaughn C. S. Whitlsey, Grand Rapids.

The secretary was instructed to cast a ballot for all of the old officers of the association, who are as follows: President—Charles Briere. Vice President—S. N. Whitlsey. Treasurer—M. O. Potter. Secretary—W. H. Fitch.

### Found in the Snow.

Wausau Record: There was a pitiful case at the city hall this morning and one which under most circumstances would have aroused widespread sympathy. Yesterday the police found a woman, apparently about 60 years of age, lying behind a shed on Clarke's Island helplessly intoxicated and asleep. She was locked up at the city hall and allowed to go this morning after stating that she had friends who would care for her. She claims to have a home at Grand Rapids and this is the second time she has been locked up here for intoxication. The other time she was given a ticket and sent back to Grand Rapids. She said she came to Wausau Saturday to work and was taken sick. She secured some medicine at a drug store and claims it overcame her and that she was not drunk. She could not tell how she came to be sleeping in the snow, however, and the police say she spends whatever money she can secure for liquor.

### Medical Association Meets.

The quarterly meeting of the Northwestern Wisconsin Medical association was held in this city at the Hotel Dixon parlors on Tuesday afternoon. The attendance at the meeting was not large, most of those present being from this city. Several papers of interest were read by those present, outside of which there was very little done. It had been proposed to change the name of the association to the Wisconsin Valley Medical association and limit the membership to physicians living in certain counties. Nothing was done along this line, however.

Those present at the meeting were Drs. J. J. Looze, A. L. Ridgman, D. Waters, F. Pomatville, J. W. Rockwell, W. D. Harvie and F. W. Eys of this city, K. W. Doege of Marshfield, C. O. Thoinhaus and H. B. Hitz of Milwaukee.

### A Noted Case.

Some matters in the case of Tilton vs. Gates were argued in this city on Tuesday before Judge Webb. The interested parties are Lester Tilton, a real estate man of Withee and J. L. Gates, the lumberman of national reputation. Among those taking part in the case were James E. Flinders of Milwaukee, L. M. Sartavant of Madison and T. J. Cunningham of Chippewa Falls.

### T. B. Scott Free Library.

Following is a birthday bulletin of famous men with some interesting biographies about them.

January 17th. Franklin, Benjamin. Founded the first public library in the United States.  
Baldwin—Four Great Americans.  
Brooks—Historic Americans.  
Brooks—True Story of Benj. Franklin.  
Ford—Many Sided Franklin.  
Franklin—Autobiography.  
Hawthorne—Grandfather's Chair.  
January 18th. Webster, Daniel.  
Gordy—American Leaders and Heroes.  
Lodge—Daniel Webster.  
Parton—Famous Americans of Recent Times.  
Carroll, Lewis.

Author of Alice in Wonderland.  
Collingwood—Life and Letters of Lewis Carroll also Sketches in Periodicals.

January 27th. Mozart, Amadens Wolfgang.  
German Composer.  
Chapin—Master of Music.  
Ferris—Great German Composers.  
Hubbard—Journeys to the Homes of Great Musicians.  
Scudder—Stories From my Attic.

### Death of W. V. Waterman.

W. V. Waterman, the twelve year old son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Waterman of the east side, died on Saturday from an attack of pneumonia, from which he had suffered about ten days. The boy was apparently a strong healthy young fellow, and the death of one so young from this disease is an unusual case. The funeral occurred on Monday afternoon from the home, Rev. W. A. Peterson of the Methodist church officiating. The family formerly lived at Necedah, and came here from that city last summer.

### Will Make Fire Lighters.

John Holb of Merrill was in the city on Monday, having placed an order with George Krieger for the manufacture of his fire lighters which he invented some time ago and is now engaged in having the first lot manufactured with a view to placing it on the market.

Mr Holb has an invention which is a wonder in its way. All the weary householder has to do when he goes to bed at night is to set the clock at the hour he wishes the fire built in the morning. When the hour arrives the machine starts the fire, wakes the hired girl, fills the teakettle, lets in the cat, and several other little things that are necessary before daylight, while the head of the house peacefully pounds his ear.

It is certainly a great machine, and will no doubt prove a great seller when once the public begins to appreciate its merits. The machine will sell for three dollars, and as the clock connected with the affair is worth two dollars as a time piece, it can be readily seen that the fire lighting arrangement comes quite cheap.

### A Prisoner in Her Own House.

Mrs. W. H. Layha, of 1001 Agnes Ave., Kansas City, Mo., has for several years been troubled with severe hoarseness and at times a hard cough, which she says, "Would keep me in doors for days. I was prescribed for by physicians with no noticeable results. A friend gave me part of a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy with instructions to closely follow the directions and I wish to state that after the first day I could notice a decided change for the better, and at this time after using it for two weeks, have no hesitation in saying I realize that I am entirely cured." This remedy is for sale at Otto's Pharmacy.

WANTED—1,200 cords of pine wood. Pioneer Wood Pulp Co.

### Kindergarten Meeting.

A mothers' meeting will be held at the Howe school building in the kindergarten rooms on Thursday afternoon, Jan. 14, at 2:30 o'clock. Everybody interested in kindergarten teaching is invited to be present.  
Ellen G. Bennett.

### For Seating His Wife.

John Schroeder of Marshfield was brought to this city on Monday by Officer Griffin of that city and placed behind the bars. It seems that Schroeder had been beating his wife and as a consequence was given thirty days in the county jail.

### Domestic Troubles.

It is exceptional to find a family where there are no domestic ruptures occasionally, but these can be lessened by having Dr. King's New Life Pills around. Much trouble they save by their great work in stomach and liver troubles. They not only relieve you, but cure. 25c, at John E. Daly's drug store.

### Homeseekers' Excursions to the Northwest, West and Southwest.

Via the Northwestern Line. Excursion tickets at greatly reduced rates are on sale to the territory indicated above. Standard and Tourist Sleeping Cars, Free reclining Chairs Cars and "The Best of Everything." For dates of sale and full particulars apply to Agents Chicago & Northwestern R'y.

### Half Rates to Lansing, Mich.

Via the North-Western Line. Excursion tickets will be sold at one fare for the round trip on Jan. 25, limited to return until Feb. 1, inclusive, on account of Masonic Grand Lodge. Apply to Agents Chicago & North-western R'y.

Supposing you're busted—haven't a dime. Getting poor isn't a serious crime. Put on a bold front, work with all your might.

You're sure to win by taking Rocky Mountain Tea at night. Johnson & Hill Co.

### Congratulations.

Mr. John H. Callom, Editor of the Garland, Texas, News, has written a letter of congratulations to the manufacturers of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy as follows: "Sixteen years ago when our first child was a baby he was subject to croupy spells and we would be very uneasy about him. We began using Chamberlain's Cough Remedy in 1887, and finding it such a reliable remedy for colds and croup, we have never been without it in the house since that time. We have five children and have given it to all of them with good results. One good feature of this remedy is that it is not disagreeable to take and our babies really like it. Another is that it is not dangerous, and there is no risk from giving an overdose. I congratulate you upon the success of your remedy." For sale at Otto's Pharmacy.

### Wonderful Nerve.

Is displayed by many a man enduring pains of accidental Cuts, Wounds, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Sore feet or stiff joints. But there's no need for it. Bucklen's Arnica Salve will kill the pain and cure the trouble. It's the best Salve on earth for Piles, too. 25c, at John E. Daly, druggist.

MAIL ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO

## Department Stores

GRAND RAPIDS, WISCONSIN.

# BUNKER HILL COFFEE

IS THE BEST.



Java and Mocha  
35c per pound

## 3 Pounds for \$1.

If you haven't tried it you don't  
what you are missing.

## PRUNE SPECIAL

For the Next Few Weeks we will sell

## 30 lbs. for \$1.

## JOHNSON & HILL CO.

WEST SIDE. GRAND RAPIDS.

# To the Public:

## Watch this Space for Further Particulars.

Do you need a suit of Clothes?

Do you need an Overcoat?

Do you need anything in the Furnishing Line?

IF SO IT WILL PAY YOU TO

# WAIT UNTIL JANUARY 23



**F. G. GILKEY,**  
Insurance.  
Fire, Life and Accident. Office with G. W. Paulsen at east end of bridge, Grand Rapids, Wisconsin.

**HARRIET WILLIAMS,**  
Teacher of Piano  
And Musical Kindergarten. Grand, Rapids, Wis. Studio at Mrs. Miller's.

**W. E. WHEELAN,**  
Attorney at Law.  
Office in the Daily Block on the East Side, Grand Rapids, Wis.

**W. J. CONWAY,**  
Attorney at Law.  
Money loaned. Real estate bought and sold. Offices in Court House, East Side, and MacKinnon Block, West side, Grand Rapids, Wis.

**FRANK A. CADY,**  
Attorney at Law.  
Offices in Wood Block, (East Side) Grand Rapids, Wisconsin. A general law business conducted.

**REAL ESTATE MATTERS A SPECIALTY**  
If you want to sell your farm or house and lot, let us take care of it. If you want to buy a farm, a house or city lot, or wild land, let us tell you where you can do so cheaply and best. Real estate loans and investments negotiated. Defective titles perfected.

**GOGGINS & BRAZEAU,**  
Attorneys at Law.  
Office in the MacKinnon Block on the West Side, Grand Rapids, Wis.

**B. M. VAUGHAN,**  
Attorney at Law.  
Money loaned. Real estate bought and sold. Grand Rapids, East Side, Grand Rapids, Wis.

**CONWAY & JEFFREY,**  
Attorneys at Law.  
Law, Loans and Collections. We have \$25,000 which will be loaned at a low rate of interest. Office over First National Bank, East Side, Grand Rapids, Wis.

**GEO. H. METCALFE,**  
Attorney at Law.  
Office in MacKinnon Block on the West Side, Grand Rapids, Wisconsin.

**J. W. COCHRAN,**  
Attorney at Law.  
Office over the Bank, West Side, Grand Rapids, Wis. Will practice in all courts of the state.

**JOHN A. GAYNOR,**  
Attorney at Law.  
Office over the Postoffice on the East Side. Will practice in all courts.

**H. WIPPERMAN,**  
Attorney at Law.  
Office on east side, over Wood County National Bank, Grand Rapids, Wis.

**WHEELAN & ROURKE,**  
Law, Loans, Real Estate,  
Abstracts, Insurance, etc.  
Office on the East Side over Cohen's Store.

**HELEN MAUD GILKEY,**  
Soloist - Instructor  
PIANO, Organ, Mandolin, Guitar.  
Studio Sycamore Street. Telephone 98.

**T. J. COOPER,**  
Justice of the Peace.  
And Notary Public. Office in G. N. Wood Building, east end of bridge, Grand Rapids, Wis.

**DR. C. T. HOUGEN,**  
Physician and Surgeon.  
Office over Daily Drug Store on east side, Grand Rapids. Office phone No. 318, residence No. 102.

**DR. W. D. HARVIE,**  
Physician and Surgeon.  
Specialty of eye, ear, nose and throat. Glasses accurately fitted. Office over Cohen's store, East Side, Grand Rapids, Wis.

**DR. J. J. LOOZE,**  
Physician and Surgeon.  
Telephone No. 62. Residence telephone No. 248. Office over Wood County Drug Store on the East Side, Grand Rapids, Wis.

**DR. A. L. RIDGMAN,**  
Physician and Surgeon.  
Telephone No. 92. Residence phone No. 23. Office over Church Drug Store on West Side, Grand Rapids, Wis.

**DR. F. POMAINVILLE,**  
Physician and Surgeon.  
Telephone at office, No. 35; residence No. 248. Office in rear of St. John's Drug Store on East Side, Grand Rapids, Wis.

**DR. D. WATERS,**  
Physician and Surgeon.  
Night Calls at Dixon House, telephone No. 55. Office over Church Drug Store, telephone 182. West Side, Grand Rapids, Wis. Office hours 9 to 11:30, 1 to 4 and 7 to 8:30.

**DR. CHAS. POMAINVILLE,**  
Dentist.  
Telephone No. 248. Office in Pomainville Block West Side, Grand Rapids, Wis.

**DR. D. A. TELFER,**  
Dentist.  
Office over Wood County National Bank on the East Side, Grand Rapids, Wis.

**DR. F. D. HUMPHREY,**  
Physician and Surgeon.  
Graduate Homoeopathic and Allopathic Schools. Special attention given to women and children and all chronic diseases. Office over City Kitchen, East Side, Grand Rapids, Wis.

**DR. A. B. CRAWFORD,**  
Dentist.  
High grade service in reasonable fees. Office in Reiland Building on the East Side, Grand Rapids, Wis.

**E. J. CLARK,**  
Dentist.  
Office on the west side over the Cross-Louis Co. store.

## SHORT LOCALS

John Parrish is in Wausau today on business.

Herman Smith was a Stevens Point visitor on Monday.

Will Rath spent Friday in Oshkosh visiting his mother.

Attorney F. E. Bump visited Wausau on business yesterday.

Mrs. F. P. Daly sold a fine Conover piano to Dr. Ridgman last week.

Sweet Florida oranges at Getts' restaurant.

A. M. Atwood of the east side was a caller at the Tribune office on Monday.

Rev. Feldman of Nekeosa was a business visitor in the city on Tuesday.

Judge T. C. Ryan of Wausau was in the city on legal business on Tuesday.

Miss Nellie Stange of Merrill is in the city the guest of her sister, Mrs. E. W. Ellis.

A. O. Morse of Lancaster is in the city for a few days visiting his son, Robert.

Miss Laura Lemley has accepted a position as clerk in the west side post-office.

F. W. Kern and George Smith transacted business at Stevens Point on Tuesday.

George Reynolds, the Marshfield real estate man, was in the city on Monday.

St. Catherine's Guild will meet with Mrs. H. H. Voss Friday afternoon at 2:30.

Miss Blanche Harding spent Sunday at Stevens Point the guest of Miss Jennie Starks.

Mrs. C. G. Oberly has been in Oshkosh for some time past receiving medical treatment.

Mrs. S. N. Whittlesley of Cranmoor was in the city on Saturday on a shopping expedition.

George Wagner, the Marshfield hair tonic man, was in the city on Thursday on business.

John Heiser has left for Glidden where he has accepted a position with the Nash Lumber company.

Mrs. F. Kern of the east side has been confined to her home the past week with an attack of sickness.

J. J. Franks and H. J. Ravling have registered their position as clerks in the Johnson & Hill company store.

Mr. and Mrs. John Nash of Clay county, Ky., arrived in the city last Friday to visit with their relatives.

John Schmalz spent several days in Louisville, Ky., last week on business for the F. MacKinnon Manufacturing Co.

A. E. Bennett was up from the marsh on Friday and while in the city paid the Tribune office a pleasant call.

Dr. Edward A. Smith returned on Monday from Madison where he had spent several days visiting with friends.

Kano Corn Syrup for sale at Getts' Restaurant.

Teachers' examinations were held by Supt. Morris at the high school on Saturday. Six applicants took the examination.

St. Catherine's Guild will give a rummage sale Friday and Saturday February 5th and 6th. Place of sale to be given later.

Tobias Bauman has accepted a position with the Tribune and will visit the people with a first class subscription proposition.

Mrs. Belle Henry, who has been at Wausau for some time past, is again the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Raymond.

W. E. Gardner left on Thursday for Spring Valley, Minn., where he will visit with Mr. and Mrs. Frank Rafferty for a time.

A. F. Gerwing of Marshfield, was in the city on Tuesday evening to assist in installing the officers in the Odd Fellow lodge here.

Mrs. E. T. Worthington has been quite sick for a couple of weeks past, and considerable anxiety is felt on account of her condition.

Miss Mattie Armstrong, formerly of Marshfield, but now a resident of Denver, Colorado, was in the city on Saturday the guest of friends.

Misses Bessie and Gertrude Gaynor, who have both been confined to their home with sickness for a week past, are gradually recovering.

A hot time at the Sons of Veterans meeting Thursday evening. All the members are requested to be present. It's a surprise for the members only.

George L. Warren has gone to Wausau where he has accepted a lucrative position. Mrs. Warren expects to go to Wausau this week to join her husband.

Mrs. A. W. Tuttle arrived in the city the fore part of the week and will make her home here with Mr. Tuttle, who is employed at the Hotel Dixon.

For fine candies go to Getts' restaurant.

A horse belonging to August Kempfert of Biron ran away on Monday evening and succeeded in wrecking the latter pretty badly before it could be stopped. Noddy was hurt.

F. E. Kellner has taken charge of the Wood business for the F. MacKinnon Manufacturing company. John Steib, who has had charge of the business for a number of years, having given it up.

Attorney Theo. W. Brazean went to Marshfield Tuesday morning on business. He remained over that night to attend the ball that evening at which the Arions of Oshkosh furnished music.

The big engine at the box factory broke down last week, the trouble being caused by the cylinder head blowing out. It is probable that it will be fixed up in the near future and the factory resume work.

Dr. A. L. Ridgman, Sam Church, Will Slingerland and Dr. Waters went to Nekeosa Tuesday evening to attend the installation of officers in the Royal Arcanum lodge in the village. They report a very pleasant evening.

Miss Rose McCamley went to Oshkosh last week for the purpose of undergoing an operation in the hospital in that city. P. McCamley went to Oshkosh on Tuesday, that being the day on which the operation was to be performed.

Earl Wood returned last Saturday from Chicago, where he had been attending college. Earl reports that he was in the Iroquois theatre when the fire broke out there, but made his escape at the first alarm and so suffered no damage.

The Merrill Elks will hold their annual ball on the 20th instant, and there is a probability that several of the members of the order will attend from this city. The Merrill Elks are good entertainers, and it is a pleasure to attend their parties.

A. H. Dustin, who is located at Neeshah, was in the city on Thursday and Friday visiting with his friends. Mr. Dustin is engaged in building down there, and as it had been three months since he had visited the city he must be kept pretty busy at his work.

Theodore Steinhilber of Marshfield, who is known to a large number of our people, was in the city to look over the ground with a view to starting a class in music. Theodore is quite a musician on several instruments, and should be able to do well in his chosen profession.

The work on the Congregational church has been completed, and the edifice is now much more roomy than it was and also presents a very neat appearance on the interior. The structure is also heated with a furnace now, which is quite an improvement over the old method.

Saturday's edition of the Fond du Lac Commonwealth contained a write up of that paper and told of the modern methods used in getting out that paper. The office now uses two linotypes to set their type and a perfecting press to run off the edition. The Commonwealth is a good paper and should prosper.

Mrs. F. M. Billmyre was tendered a most agreeable as well as pleasant surprise last evening by a number of her friends and neighbors dropping in on her most unexpectedly. Card playing and numerous other games were the program of the evening, after which a sumptuous supper was served and all departed feeling that they had spent a very pleasant evening long to be remembered by all present.

L. Simon, a brother to Electrician Simon, who is employed by the Consolidated Water Power company, has been in the city the past few days visiting in the town. Mr. Simon was one of the musicians in the Iroquois theatre in Chicago at the time of the fire, and on Sunday he favored the people of the Congregational church with a couple of fine solos on the violin, on which instrument he is a first class performer.

Fond du Lac Commonwealth. In 1845 the citizens of Fond du Lac held an "indignation meeting" to discuss the action of the county commissioners, who had purchased for the sheriff a pair of brass and steel shackles, at a cost of \$2.50. The heavy taxpayers characterized "the transaction" as an "outrageous extravagance," while those alphas-and-go-easy citizens who occasionally fell into the custody of the sheriff vehemently protested that it was the height of indignity to put shackles on a man in a free country.

The postoffice department has decided on designs for the St. Louis World's fair stamps to be issued soon. The stamps will be about the size of the Chicago World's fair stamps and the designs will bear portraits as follows: One cent, Robert Livingston; two cents, Thomas Jefferson; three cents, James Monroe; who with Livingston concluded the negotiations; five cents, Pres. McKinley; 10 cents, map of the United States showing the territory purchased from France.

**Marriage Licenses:**  
Following is the list for the past week:

John P. Wolf, of Brillion, and Christina Alberts of Radolph.

Leon LaSarge of Babcock, and Elsie Hutchinson of Grand Rapids.

Louis Schubert and Dora Larson of Lincoln.

It was expected that as soon as 1904 was ushered in the county clerk would be kept busy along this line, but it seems that the girls are not improving their opportunities as well as they might.

When bilious try a dose of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets and realize for once how quickly a first-class up-to-date medicine will correct the disorder. For sale at Otto's Pharmacy.

**No Pay Unless Cured.**

I have been unfit for work over a year from catarrh and rheumatism. Dr. Seerist cured me in six weeks.

JOS. P. SCHMIDT.

Dr. Seerist will be at the Witter House Tuesday, Jan. 19th.

**A Traveling Man's Experience.**

Mr. Albert Eldridge, representing the Edgar Printing Co. Paris, Ill., says: "I used Foley's Honey and Balm during the winter of 1901 and 1902 for a bad cold and la grippe. I found it an excellent medicine, which effected a cure in a short time." Our readers are invited to call on the druggists named below and secure a large sample bottle of this excellent medicine free. 25c, 50c and \$1.00 bottles. Sold by Sam Church and John E. Daly Druggists.

**Drawing Exhibit.**

The exhibition of drawings from western schools opened at the Howe building yesterday. The exhibition is said to be good one, and as admission is charged, there is no excuse for any one missing the event.

Have you indigestion, constipation, headache, backache, kidney trouble? Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea will make you well. If it fails get your money back. That's fair. Tea or tablet form. 35 cents at Johnson & Hill Co.

**In Bed Four Weeks with La Grippe**

We have received the following letter from Mr. Roy Kemp of Angola, Ind. "I was in bed four weeks with la grippe and I tried many remedies and spent considerable for treatment with physicians, but I received no relief until I tried Foley's Honey and Tar. Two small bottles of this medicine cured me and now I use it exclusively in my family." Take no substitutes. Sold by Johnson & Hill Co.

Jennie Stitzer, Omaha—"I have gained thirty-five pounds in two months. Nothing did me any good until I used Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea." A blessing to sickly women. Johnson & Hill Co.

Good residence lots with good water, dry cellars, level, on top of sandy hill, near foot of High street, at \$15 to \$20. Payable on or before five years at 7 per cent. Inquire of George N. Wood at the Dixon hotel.

**The Children are Skating.**

Just now the kids at the Lincoln and Howe schools consider that T. A. Taylor is about right. He had a place flooded in the school yards for the children to skate on and the amusement has proven a popular one. The cost is so small compared with the pleasure it affords the children that it is not worth considering.

**A Very Close Call.**

"I stuck to my engine, altho every joint ached and every nerve was racked with pain," writes C. W. Bellamy, a locomotive fireman, of Burlington, Iowa. "I was weak and pale, without any appetite and all run down. As I was about to give up, I got a bottle of Electric Bitters, and after taking it I felt as well as I ever did in my life." Weak, sickly, run down people always gain new life, strength and vigor from their use. Try them. Satisfaction guaranteed by John E. Daly. Price 50 cents.

**How to Make Fig Pickles.**

Fig pickles are so rarely offered that they still rank as a novelty in the home preserving list. Says the Philadelphia Bulletin. Use pulled figs and allow three-quarters of a pound of sugar to every pound of fruit. Make a syrup of the sugar and a cupful of water to each pound, boil and skim for five minutes, and then drop the figs in and simmer till a straw will penetrate them. Put them in jars in layers, with a few cloves, bits of whole cinnamon and a very little mace between, and cover with sirup, but do not close the cans. For three mornings pour off the sirup without moving the fruit, reheat it to the boiling point and put it back. The third morning measure it and allow one cupful of vinegar to every three of sirup. Boil it up thoroughly, pour at once over the figs and close the cans.

Mr. Wm. S. Crane, of California, Md., suffered for years from rheumatism and lumbago. He was finally advised to try Chamberlain's Pain Balm, which he did and it effected a complete cure. For sale at Otto's Pharmacy.

The prevention of consumption is entirely a question of commencing the proper treatment in time. Nothing is so well adapted to ward off fatal lung troubles as Foley's Honey and Tar. Sold by Johnson & Hill Co.

# CLEARING SALE OF STOVES

10 per cent discount  
From the regular price

WE HAVE THE LARGEST STOCK of Stoves, including Heaters, Cook Stoves and Ranges of any hardware store in Wood county. The brands are all well known and include the best and most popular makes manufactured in the United States. REMEMBER THIS IS FOR THE NEXT 30 DAYS

## Centralia Hdw. Company.

Call and get  
our prices  
on all kinds of  
Furniture



## FELT PATENT FOLDING TABLE

These Tables are made of Oak, covered with green felt, decorated with nickel corners. The cross-piece or cleat on end of table keeps the top from warping, and is so arranged that a person can sit close to the table without cramping the knees. The felt used on this table is of extra thickness and made special. It is much better than padded tables where cotton batting is used and an inferior quality of felt. The American Walnut Congress use this table exclusively. It can be closed when not in use.

The Largest  
and  
Best Selected Stock  
of Furniture in  
Wood County

**LICENSED UNDERTAKER**  
For night calls  
my residence  
TELEPHONE NO. 69

**J. R. RAGAN**  
Successor to  
**GEO. W. BAKER & SON**  
Grand Rapids... East Side

are  
right

# The New Arabian Nights

By ROBERT LOUIS STEVENSON



As soon as Francis could disengage himself from the porter he ran upstairs and hurried to the window. Immediately below the clear space in the chestnut leaves the two gentlemen were seated in conversation over a cigar. The general, a red, military looking man, offered some traces of a family resemblance to his brother. He had something, although very little, of the same free and powerful carriage, but he was older, smaller and more common in air. His likeness was that of a caricature, and he seemed altogether a poor and debile being by the side of the dictator.

They spoke in tones so low, leaning over the table with every appearance of interest, that Francis could catch no more than a word or two on an occasion, for, as little as he heard, he was convinced that the conversation turned upon himself and his own career. Several times the name of Scrymgeour touched his ear, but it was only to distinguish, and still more frequently he fancied he could distinguish the name Francis.

At length the general, as if in hot anger, broke forth into several violent exclamations.

"Francis Vandeleur!" he cried, accentuating the last word. "Francis Vandeleur, I tell you!"

The dictator made a movement of his whole body, half affirmative, half contemptuous, but his answer was inaudible to the young man.

Was he the Francis Vandeleur in question? he wondered. Were they discussing the name under which he was to be married, or was the whole affair a dream and delusion of his own conceit and self-absorption?

After another interval of inaudible talk discussion seemed again to arise between the couple underneath the chestnut, and again the general raised his voice angrily so as to be audible to Francis.

"My wife!" he cried. "I have done with my wife for good. I will not hear her name, I am sick of her very name." And he swore aloud and beat the table with his fist.

The dictator appeared by his gestures to pacify him after a paternal fashion, and a little after he conducted him to the garden gate. The pale shock hands affectionately enough, but as soon as the door had closed behind his visitor John Vandeleur fell into a fit of laughter which sounded unkindly and even devilish in the ears of Francis Scrymgeour.

So another day had passed and little more learned. But the young man remembered that the morning was Tuesday and promised himself some curious discoveries. All might be well, or all might be ill; he was sure at least to glean some curious information and, perhaps by good luck, get at the heart of the mystery which surrounded his father and his family.

As the hour of the dinner drew near many preparations were made in the garden of the house with the green blinds. The table which was partly visible to Francis through the chestnut leaves was destined to serve as a sideboard and carried relays of plates and the materials for salad; the other, which was almost entirely concealed, had been set apart for the dictators, and Francis could catch glimpses of white cloth and silver plate.

Mr. Rolles arrived, punctual to the minute. He looked like a man upon his guard and spoke low and sparingly. The dictator, on the other hand, appeared to enjoy an unusual flow of spirits. His laugh, which was youthful and pleasant to hear, sounded frequently from the garden. By the modulation and changes of his voice it was obvious that he told many droll stories and imitated the accents of a variety of different nations, and before he and the young clerkman had finished their vermouth all feeling of distrust was at an end and they were talking like a pair of school companions.

At length Miss Vandeleur made her appearance, carrying the soup tureen. Mr. Rolles ran to offer her assistance, which she laughingly refused, and there was an interchange of pleasantries among the trio which seemed to have reference to this primitive manner of waiting by one of the company.

"One is more at one's ease," Mr. Vandeleur was heard to declare.

Next moment they were all three in their places, and Francis could see as little as he could hear of what passed. But the dinner seemed to go merrily. There was a perpetual babble of voices and sound of knives and forks below the chestnut, and Francis, who had no more than a roll to gnaw, was affected with envy by the comfort and deliberation of the meal. The party lingered over one dish after another and then over a delicate dessert, with a bottle of old wine carefully uncorked by the hand of the dictator himself. As it began to grow dark a lamp was set upon the table and a couple of candles on the sideboard, for the night was perfectly pure, starry and windless. Light overtook besides from the door and window in the veranda, so that the garden was fairly illuminated and the leaves twinkled in the darkness.

For perhaps the tenth time Miss Vandeleur entered the house, and on this occasion she returned with the coffee tray, which she placed upon the side-

board. At the same moment her father rose from his seat.

"The coffee is my province," Francis heard him say.

And the next moment he saw his supposed father standing by the sideboard in the light of the candles. Talking over his shoulder all the while, Mr. Vandeleur poured out two cups of the brown steaming liquid, and then, by a rapid act of prestidigitization, emptied the contents of a tiny vial into the smaller of the two. The thing was so swiftly done that even Francis, who looked straight into his face, had hardly time to perceive the movement before it was completed, and the next instant, and still laughing, Mr. Vandeleur had turned again toward the table with a cup in each hand.

"Ere we have done with this," said he, "we may expect our famous libretto."

It would be impossible to depict the confusion and distress of Francis Scrymgeour. He saw foul play going forward before his eyes, and he felt bound to interfere, but he knew not how. It might be a mere pleasantry, and then how should he look if he were to offer an unnecessary warning? Or, again, if it were serious, the criminal might be his own father, and then how should he not lament if he were to bring ruin on the author of his days? For the first time he became conscious of his own position as a spy. To wait inactive at such a juncture and with such a conflict of sentiments in his bosom was to suffer the most acute torture. He clung to the bars of the shutters, his heart beat fast and with irregularity, and he felt a strong sweat break forth upon his body.

Several minutes passed. He seemed to perceive the conversation die away and grow less and less in vivacity and volume, but still no sign of any alarming or even notable event.

Suddenly the ring of a glass breaking was followed by a faint and dull sound, as of a person who should have fallen forward with his head upon the table. At the same moment a piercing scream rose from the garden.

"What have you done?" cried Miss Vandeleur. "He is dead!"

The dictator replied in a violent whisper, so strong and sibilant that every word was audible to the watcher at the window.

"Silence!" said Mr. Vandeleur. "The man is as well as I am. Take him by the heels while I carry him by the shoulders."

Francis heard Miss Vandeleur break forth into a passion of tears.

"Do you hear what I say," resumed the dictator in the same tones, "or do you wish to quarrel with me? I give you your choice, Miss Vandeleur."

There was another pause, and the dictator spoke again.

"Take that man by the heels," he said. "I must have him brought into the house. If I were a little younger, I could help myself against the world, but now that years and dangers are upon me and my hands are weakened I must turn to you for aid."

"It is a crime," replied the girl. "I am your father," said Mr. Vandeleur.

This appeal seemed to produce its effect. A scuffling noise followed upon the gravel, a chair was upset, and then Francis saw the father and daughter stagger across the walk and disappear under the veranda, hearing the innumerate body of Mr. Rolles embraced about the knees and shoulders. The young clerkman was limp and pallid, and his head rolled upon his shoulders at every step.

Was he alive or dead? Francis, in spite of the dictator's declaration, inclined to the latter view. A great crime had been committed, a great calamity had fallen upon the inhabitants of the house with the green blinds. To his surprise, Francis found all horror for the deed swallowed up in sorrow for a girl and an old man whom he judged to be in the height of peril. A tide of generous feeling swept into his heart. He, too, would help his father against man and mankind, against fate and justice, and, casting open the shutters, he closed his eyes and threw himself with outstretched arms into the foliage of the chestnut.

Branch after branch slipped from his grasp and broke under his weight. Then he caught a stairway bough under his armpit and hung suspended for a second, and then he let himself drop and fell heavily against the table. A cry of alarm from the house warned him that his entrance had not been effected unobserved. He recovered himself with a stagger and in three bounds crossed the intervening space and stood before the door in the veranda.

In a small apartment, carpeted with matting and surrounded by glazed casings full of rare and costly curios, Mr. Vandeleur was stooping over the body of Mr. Rolles. He raised himself as Francis entered, and there was an instantaneous passage of hands. It was the business of a second. As fast as the eye can wink the thing was done. The young man had not the time to be sure, but it seemed to him as if the dictator had taken something from the curate's breast, looked at it for the least fraction of time as it lay in his hand and then suddenly and swiftly passed it to his daughter.

All this was over while Francis had still one foot upon the threshold and the other raised in the air. The next instant he was on his knees to Mr. Vandeleur.

"Father!" he cried. "Let me, too, help you. I will do what you wish and ask no questions. I will obey you with my life. Treat me as a son, and you will find I have a son's devotion."

A deplorable explosion of oaths was the dictator's first reply.

"Son and father!" he cried. "Father and son? What dashed unnatural comedy is all this? How do you come in my garden? What do you want? And who, in God's name, are you?" Francis, with a stunned and shamefaced aspect, got upon his feet again and stood in silence.

Then a light seemed to break upon Mr. Vandeleur and he laughed aloud.

"I see," cried he. "It is the Scrymgeour. Very well, Mr. Scrymgeour. Let me tell you in a few words how you stand. You have entered my private residence by force, or perhaps by fraud, but certainly with no encouragement from me, and you come at a moment of some annoyance, a guest having fainting at my table, to besiege me with your protestations. You are no son of mine. You are my brother's bastard by a fishwife, if you want to know. I regard you with an indifference closely bordering on aversion, and from what I now see of your conduct I judge your mind to be exactly suitable to your exterior. I recommend you these mortifying reflections for your leisure, and, in the meantime, let me beseech you to rid us of your presence. If I were not occupied," added the dictator, with a terrifying oath, "I should give you the unholiest drubbing ere you went."

Francis listened in profound astonishment. He would have said had it been possible; but, as he had no means of leaving the residence into which he had so unfortunately penetrated, he could do no more than stand foolishly where he was.

It was Miss Vandeleur who broke the silence. "Father," she said, "you speak in anger. Mr. Scrymgeour may have been mistaken, but he meant well and kindly."

"Thank you for speaking," returned the dictator. "You remind me of some other observations which I hold it a point of honor to make to Mr. Scrymgeour. My brother," he continued, addressing the young man, "has been foolish enough to give you an allowance. He was foolish enough and presumptuous enough to propose a match between you and this young lady. You were exhibited to her two nights ago, and I rejoice to tell you that she rejected the idea with disgust. Let me add that I have considerable influence with your father, and it shall not be my fault if you are not beguiled of your allowance and sent back to your scrivenging ere the week be out."

The tones of the old man's voice were, if possible, more wounding than his language. Francis felt himself exposed to the most cruel, blighting and unbearable contempt. His head turned, and he covered his face with his hands, uttering at the same time a tearless sob of agony. But Miss Vandeleur once again interfered in his behalf.

"Mr. Scrymgeour," she said, speaking in clear and even tones, "you must not be concerned at my father's harsh expressions. I felt no disgust for you. On the contrary, I asked an opportunity to make your better acquaintance. As for what has passed tonight, believe me it has filled my mind with both pity and esteem."

Just then Mr. Rolles made a convulsive movement of his arm, which convinced Francis that he was only drugged and was beginning to throw off the influence of the opiate. Mr. Vandeleur stooped over him and examined his face for an instant.

"Come, come!" cried he, raising his head. "Let there be an end of this. And, since you are so pleased with his conduct, Miss Vandeleur, take a candle and show the cur out!"

The young lady hastened to obey.

"Thank you," said Francis as soon as he was alone with her in the garden. "I thank you from my soul. This has been the bitterest evening of my life, but it will have always one pleasant recollection."

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

At the penitentiary at Auburn, N. Y. last week, Frank White, a negro, was electrocuted for the murder of George Oakley. It seems that there was some hitch in the proceedings, for the current of electricity had to be switched onto the negro six times before he was pronounced dead. After the doomed man had been subjected to the current four times he was apparently still alive and the spectators were horrified to hear a gurgling in his throat. The scene was so offensive that one of the attending physicians fainted. There have been several of these scenes enacted since electricity was adopted in the state of New York as a method of killing those doomed to death by the law. The first few executions that were held in the state were attended by newspaper reporters, but they gave such a horrible description of the scene that it was almost immediately decreed that no more reporters should be admitted and as a consequence the executions have been conducted privately with the exception of a few of the officers of the jail, who have been cautioned against giving publicity to any of the horrible details. No doubt death by electricity is as painless a one as it would be possible to select, but the operation is surrounded with so many horrible details that it would seem as if there were many other methods that could be selected with advantage. Why the people of that state do not come to a realization of the fact that capital punishment in any form is a relic of barbarism and abolish the custom, as has been done in the state of Wisconsin, is beyond the comprehension of any intelligent man. Writers rant about the injustice of lynch law and tell of the atrocities committed where murderers are caught red handed and executed by infuriated citizens and yet it is no doubt that this spirit is kept alive, to a certain extent, by the laws which make it a commendable deed to punish certain wrong doers by death. It is often stated that there is a little of the savage in every man's nature, but it would seem that the killing of fellow beings, no matter how bad they may be, could be done away with and everybody be benefitted by the change.

**Saved From Terrible Death.**  
The family of Mrs. M. L. Bobbitt of Bargar, Tenn., saw her dying and were powerless to save her. The most skillful physicians and every remedy used, failed, while consumption was slowly but surely taking her life. In this terrible hour Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption turned despair into joy. The first bottle brought immediate relief and its continued use completely cured her. It's the most certain cure in the world for all throat and lung troubles. Guaranteed Bottles 50c and \$1.00. Trial Bottles free at John E. Daly's Drug Store.

—500 men wanted to eat hot lunch and unload schooners at Lawler and Furrer's.

## Hick's Forecast for January.

We enter the New Year, 1904, in the midst of a Venus perturbation, extending its influence over almost the entire month. This will insure some very great extremes of temperature, with violent storms and blizzards during the regular and reactionary storm periods.

The first storm period is central on the 2nd, 3rd and 4th. During this period we have the Moon in opposition, or at its full, on the 2nd, and on the celestial equator and in perigee on the 4th. A general reaction to warmer will set in to the west as we enter this period, the barometer will fall decidedly, and storms of winter wind and rain will turn to gales and blizzards as they advance eastward on and touching the 3rd, 3rd and 4th. Look for sudden reaction from moderate to extremely cold weather immediately behind the rain stages of storms at this and other January periods. Electrical storms, very high tides and seismic shocks are among the probable phenomena at this time. Don't be caught far from protection for yourself and your livestock. A wave of very high barometric pressure and dangerous cold will come down from the northwest as a sequel to this period.

The storm diagram shows that a regular Vulcan storm period covers the 6th to the 12th, being central with Moon's last quarter on the 9th. This period lies near the center of the Venus period on the 12th. As we enter this period the weather will again moderate, winds will shift to southerly and easterly, the barometer will fall in western extremes and general storms will organize and pass in regular order from west to east from about the 8th to 12th. The first stages of these storms will most likely prove moderate and rainy, but as the high barometer pushes into the low areas from the northwest, look for high winter gales, blizzards of blocking snow and sleet and a severe, dangerous cold wave. If the barometer is very low in the far south at this time, the cold wave will not stop short of the Gulf coasts. Watch the barometer as far south as Florida. If it is very low, keep your eye on any high that may head that way from the northwest. Fear no destructive cold in that region as long as a high barometer holds sway, but look out when a low is displaced by a high during a winter Venus period.

A reactionary storm period is central on the 14th, 15th and 16th, calling for moderation of the cold and return of cloudiness, falling barometer and more rain and snow. The conjunction of Moon, on the 17th will tend greatly to prolong disturbed and threatening weather quite into the regular storm period following. Careful observation will prove that the new moon periods are attended, as a rule, by higher temperatures and lower atmospheric pressure; hence, when the new moon intervenes at the end of a storm period, rising barometer and change to colder, clearing weather are retarded and prevailing storm conditions prolonged.

A regular storm period covers the 18th to 23d. The moon is in opposition and on the celestial equator on the 19th, and these facts, especially at this central part of the Venus disturbance, call for a prompt and decided development of low barometer, rising temperature and winter storms on and following the 19th.

On and about the 19th even winter lightning and thunder are probable, with heavy rain and wind southward. But storms will turn to snow and blizzards the last half of the period—say from 20th to 23rd and a driving, blizzarding cold wave will sweep over most parts of the continent. All people, especially stockmen and merchants handling perishable products, should have a care for their interests at home at this time. A fact that should always be remembered is, that the warm rainy conditions that prevail during the Venus periods, are sure to turn suddenly and violently to very cold, with snow and sleet and high northwesterly gales.

The 25th, 26th and 27th are central days of a reactionary storm period. On reaching and touching these days the cold will relax, the barometer will fall, cloudiness will gather in the west, and more rain and snow will pass easterly over most parts of the country. Another change to much colder will come from the west and north behind these storms, lasting up to the 30th and 31st. Under the combined influence of Vulcan and Mercury periods, January will go out with storm conditions beginning to organize in western extremes—turning warmer—falling barometer—growing cloudiness, with manifest approach of storms that will run into the opening days of February.

—The many friends of G. H. Hausan, engineer L. E. & W. R. R., at present living in Lima, O., will be pleased to know of his recovery from threatened kidney disease. He writes: "I was cured by using Foley's Kidney Cure, which I recommend to all, especially trainmen who are usually similarly afflicted." Sold by Johnson & Hill Co.

Go to Hebert's for fine photos.

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**W.G. SCOTT,**  
The West Side Jeweler



THE DICTATOR HAD TAKEN SOMETHING FROM THE CURATE'S BREAST.



BREVITIES

THE HALL OF FAME.

The Duchess of Marlborough is in Vienna undergoing treatment for deafness.

Dr. H. N. Stokes of the United States geological survey has been appointed chemist in the national bureau of standards.

Benjamin Howe Count of Wesham, Mass., has played the same organ in the same church in that town since Sept. 6, 1863.

Sir John See, premier of New South Wales, says he began to work for his living at the age of six years and earned 37 cents a week.

William H. Helm, who lives at Rushville, Ind., has one of the rarest collections of first editions and valuable translations of any man in the United States.

Admiral John G. Walker, president of the National naval commission, wears long Dunhill whiskeys, which give him the nickname in the navy of "Old Whiskers."

E. Phillips of Rich Hill, Mo., owns a tablecloth that was made by his great-grandmother in 1790. It is in a good state of preservation and speaks well for the old methods of weaving.

Otis E. Allis, the oldest living male child born in Nebraska, resides at Mead, Neb., just across the river from Omaha. He is the son of the first Nebraska missionary of whom there is any account given.

Morris Williams of Wilkesbarre, Pa., who has just been made president of the Pennsylvania Coal company, started work in the mines as a breaker boy and has risen through all grades until he now has charge of 10,000 men.

Frederic and Charles H. Landis, brothers, are in the present congress, each representing an Indiana district. The mother of both went to Washington to see them sworn in. The younger brother, Frederic, is fifty-one years of age.

Whitman Klog is the proud possessor of the most ancient legal paper among the Kings of South Rajasthan, Mass. It is in the form of a deed drawn up by Philip King and Samuel Hall, bearing the date of 1698 and signed by Governor William Bradford.

FACTS FROM FRANCE.

The number of boys in France last year was 431,246, of girls 414,132, a population of 1,041 boys to every 1,000 girls.

The number of book publishers has doubled in Paris since 1870. There are now more than 200, who issue about twenty new books on the average every day in the year.

Two of the leading Parisian daily newspapers, the Temps and the Journal des Debats, still continue the custom of printing their theatrical and musical criticisms only once a week.

The Lelong sale of curios, pictures, furniture, porcelain, china and tapestry in Paris realized \$1,913,000. Nearly the whole of this sum will go to benevolent institutions for muscians.

A French physician, Dr. Marechal, advocates the passing of a law making the wearing of a corset by any woman under thirty an offense punishable by three months' imprisonment if she is of age and a fine of \$20 to \$200 imposed on her parents or guardians if she is under age.

MODES OF THE MOMENT.

Far buckles are the latest. Ostrich tips show a pointed tip of jet or metal attached to the quill.

A mixture of colors prevails in military, bright corals and violet among others.

A touch of tangerine or flame color forms an admirable addition to a coat of mouslin or seal.

Ombre effects are popular in millinery. This is especially the case with ostrich feathers, which are dyed in a whole gamut of tints.

For wear with the high heeled shoes that are now in vogue a special style of rubber sandal with elongated strap at the back has been introduced.

Many of the fur coats have simulated waistcoats of pomegranate embroidered velvet, and a touch of this embroidery is introduced on the hat or toque.

Buttons are a feature of dress. A variety that looks like enlarged gold or steel nail heads is very much used for studding belts and decorating the edge of collars.

PLAYS AND PLAYERS.

Fred C. Whitney has purchased the New York rights of "The Isle of Spice." The book is by Allen Lowe.

Elizabeth Tyree is soon to be starred in a new Dietrichstein play under the management of Henry B. Harris.

Arthur Collins is to put his reminiscences of Drury Lane theater into book form under the title of "Twenty-five Years at Drury Lane."

One of the biggest theatrical events of the season will be the appearance of Mildred Holland as Catherine II. of Russia in "The Triumph of an Empress."

Among the pretty girls in "Winsome Winnie" is Stella Hammerstein, daughter of Oscar Hammerstein, one of the most interesting figures in New York theatricals.

Work on "Alexander the Great," which will be given to the stage by James K. Elackett, is progressing finely. Victor Mapes, author of "Captain Barrington," is the writer.

NEW SHORT STORIES

How Gibbs Won \$4000 From Gilmore. The late Frederick S. Gibbs and Edward Gilmore, the theatrical manager, were cronies. Gilmore lived at the old Brunswick hotel on Fifth avenue, for years. It was the custom of Gibbs to go around and see him nearly every Sunday afternoon.

They invented a game called "nigger up and nigger down." Gibbs would take up street and Gilmore down street, and if a negro came up Fifth avenue before one went down Gilmore would pay Gibbs \$5. If a negro came down the street before one went up Gibbs would pay the \$5.

Gilmore was luckier than Gibbs. More negroes went his way than went Gibbs', and the result was that in a month or two Gilmore had a lot of Gibbs' money.

One day the negro cook in the Gibbs household came to Gibbs in great distress. One of her children had died. Mr. Gibbs was sympathetic. He gave the cook \$50 to help along with the funeral expenses.

"Then he asked, 'When will you have the funeral, Mary?'"

Mary thought the funeral would be held on Sunday. Gibbs made some cautious inquiries and discovered that the cook lived on one of the cross streets near the Brunswick.

"Now, Mary," he said, "I would like to see that funeral. Suppose you have it come across Twenty-fourth street and up Fifth avenue. I shall be at the Brunswick hotel."

On Sunday afternoon Gibbs watched until the funeral was well started. Then he strolled into the Brunswick hotel and said to Gilmore, "I'll take up street this afternoon."

"All right," said Gilmore. Fifteen minutes later the funeral came up the street, and as \$5 was the bet for each individual Gibbs collected nearly \$500 from Gilmore on the spot. New York World.

Night Have Spilled His Complexion. S. H. Minor of Aurora, Ill., while out hunting one day took a shot at a quail with No. 8 bird shot. Imagine his surprise and dismay to see a man bob up from behind a corn shock and catch the lead ball in the face. Instead of dropping the man started toward Minor, his

brother and brown, black and the Indian reds. It was not until recently that ruffia became such an important article of commerce. Florists have long used it in tying up flowers. But now that women want it, it is being imported in much larger quantities. As the foundation for the newest vogue in fancy work the demand is increasing, because each girl who finds out shares with her friends the information of how to use it. For general purposes it is simply braided, and when once you have been told how it is astonishingly simple to manipulate.

Raffia comes in large, loose bunches, the usual price of which is 25 cents. You will need two bunches, or as many more as you want colors. Two different colors at least are desirable, as to make your work most effective you often wish to introduce a contrasting shade with the foundation color. The natural color combines very artistically with either green or black or, of course, if you like, with the Indian reds. It is to be bought at seed stores, kindergarten supply houses, Indian basket stores and at some of the department stores.

The raffia belts are the simplest work with which to begin. You make them by braiding exactly as you would braid your own hair, only using more strands. You can use as many strands as you like, the width of your belt depending, of course, on the number. It is best to use an uneven number.

The raffia sofa pillows and raffia table covers are a mere matter of embroidery, differing from other embroidery in that the needlework is done with a raffia thread. For a handsome table cover which may be made with raffia green burlap may be used. The design, a brilliant poinsettia pattern, may be effectively worked out in red

face all covered with blood and with a murderous look in his eyes. Minor tried to run, but he was so badly scared his feet refused to move. The fellow drew near and as Minor was about to drop with fear reached out his hand and said:

"Say, partner, have you got any chewin'?"

"Yes," Minor almost yelled as he handed him a plug. "Take it. It's all yours."

"Well," replied the man as he bit off a large chew, "be a little keeful when you're shootin' in this here field. Ef them had been big shot they might hev spilled my complexion."

There Wasn't Any Story. A newspaper story that is going the rounds of one of the larger western cities concerns a young and very green reporter who had just been taken on the staff of the town's leading daily. It happened that several theatrical openings occurred on the same night, and the staff of the paper's dramatic department was able to "cover" only three out of the four events. Space was reserved for a story of Mme. Modjeska, who was to open that night in a new play, and the young reporter was assigned to the story.

About 9 o'clock he strolled into the office. The city editor greeted him with astonishment.

"Why, how's this?" he exclaimed. "Didn't you get any story?"

"No," explained the reporter. "There wasn't any story. I saw Mme. Modjeska attacked by a footpad as she was leaving her carriage at the stage door, and as she didn't come to I knew that the performance was off, so I didn't wait."—Harper's Weekly.

The Only Exception. "Colonel Griggs of Georgia?" asked a stranger of Representative J. V. Griggs at the west door of the house.

"No, sah; Mistah Griggs of Jorjab," was the answer. "I'm the only member of the house from south of Virginia who is not a colonel."

A Sharp Dig. Mrs. Buxom—That hateful Mrs. Knox made a very mean comment upon my age today.

Mr. Buxom—Did she say you were getting old?

Mrs. Buxom—No, indeed. She said I "still looked quite young."—Philadelphia Press.

NOVEL FANCY WORK.

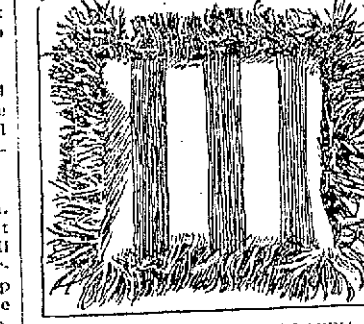
THE POSSIBILITIES OF RAFFIA ACCORDING TO LATEST IDEAS.

An Inexpensive Material and Easily Manipulated—Many Pretty Things Made by a Simple Process of Braiding.

The prettiest and daintiest things are being made of raffia. There are raffia belts and raffia bags, raffia sofa pillows and raffia table covers and even raffia hats. Indeed, the possibilities of raffia under the manipulation of clever fingers are very extensive, and it is so inexpensive every one ought to know about it. The New Idea Magazine includes the following among other items and sketches:

No elaborate outfit is required; no intricate system of instruction; no costly materials are essential. Any one can learn to use it. By an outlay of, say, 50 cents you can make perhaps ten to fifty pretty articles, but it is no exaggeration to assert that you can make a score. And though they are so inexpensive for the maker they are in themselves neither cheap in reality nor in appearance. So it is worth while finding out about this raffia.

The material, which has such a curious, odd sounding name, is the product of a Madagascar palm. The tree yields a fibrous cuticle which is prepared for the market in long strips. When it reaches us it looks like nothing so much as long, dried grass. The natural color is a light shade of ochre. But this is also dyed in all shades of



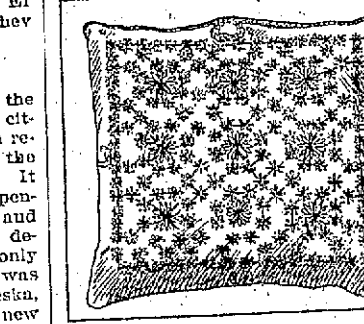
SOFA PILLOW OF WOVEN RAFFIA.

greens and browns, black and the Indian reds. It was not until recently that raffia became such an important article of commerce. Florists have long used it in tying up flowers. But now that women want it, it is being imported in much larger quantities. As the foundation for the newest vogue in fancy work the demand is increasing, because each girl who finds out shares with her friends the information of how to use it. For general purposes it is simply braided, and when once you have been told how it is astonishingly simple to manipulate.

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CROSS STITCH WORKED IN RAFFIA.

raffia. A sofa pillow shown is made with raffia woven on a loom after the fashion of rag carpet.

But what many women consider quite the greatest discovery along raffia lines is raffia millinery. You can make yourself all the hats you like in all the shapes you like and to match all the gowns you like at the cost of only a very few cents apiece.

Very attractive baskets and mats are made from it, and one clever worker has even made for herself a finely woven raffia watch chain.

Raisin and Apple Sandwiches. Raisin and apple sandwiches will appeal to those who are afraid of mince pies on account of the sweet. Simply chop any quantity of good raisins, add half the weight of chopped apples, with sugar as required, and a little ginger, nutmeg or mixed spice. Bake it between two thin layers of pastry, cut into fingers and serve hot or cold.

Confectioners' Frosting. Into two tablespoonfuls of boiling water stir enough confectioners' sugar, sifted, to enable you to spread it easily. Flavor with lemon.

HOME BAKING.

Good and Simple Concoctions to Satisfy the Holiday Appetite.

When in the course of the New Year's home gathering and visiting the house is full of people, young and old, there are other repasts to be thought of besides the New Year's replica of the Christmas dinner. Luncheons, teas and suppers all must have a more or less festive character, and hardly anything helps out of every culinary emergency so well as a bountiful supply of cake. Crullers, doughnuts and fruit cake are old "stand bys" for the holiday supper table, and many homes would be incomplete without them. Following are a few easy and rather simple recipes for these:

Inexpensive Fruit Cake.—Beat one egg, add a cupful of sugar, a cupful of molasses, half a cupful of hot coffee with a level teaspoonful of soda dissolved in it; add, also, a tablespoonful of butter to the hot coffee; then thoroughly incorporate into the mixture as much prepared mince meat, followed by two cupfuls of flour, as makes it of proper consistency. Pour into a deep, buttered tin and bake slowly.

One Egg Luncheon Cake.—One tablespoonful of butter, one scant cupful of sugar, one egg, one and one-half cupfuls of flour, three-quarters of a cupful of milk (scant), three-quarters of a cupful of currants, one teaspoonful of baking powder; rub the butter to a cream, add the sugar gradually, then the well beaten egg. Sift the flour and baking powder together, add the flour and milk to the mixture, beat well, then add the currants; again beat it up well and bake as a loaf or in small pans.

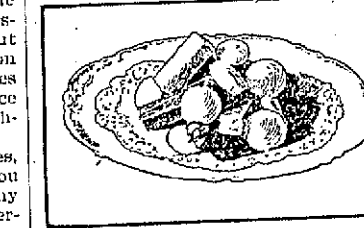
Crullers.—Three eggs well beaten, three heaping tablespoonfuls of pulverized sugar, three tablespoonfuls of melted butter, nutmeg for flavoring and flour enough to roll conveniently. Fry in hot lard.

Sugar Cookies.—Two cupfuls of butter, two and one-half cupfuls of sugar, four eggs, a teaspoonful of soda and flour to make stiff enough to roll.

HOLIDAY SWEETS.

Pure and Attractive Homemade Candies Nice For New Year's Day.

Dear to the heart of childhood and also to the "children of a larger growth" are the sweets of the holiday tide. In many households the home manufacture of these, with the help of the young folks and even the small fry, who can at least shell nuts, is one of the delights of the season. Once the art of making foundation, or "fondant," is mastered this will be found an easy task. Here are Miss Bedford's instructions for the same, originally presented in Table Talk:



HOMEMADE CANDY.

It is best for a beginner to take but a small portion of sugar at a time, say half a pound, in measurement one-half pint. Put this over the fire in a very clean saucepan with one-half of a cupful of warm water. Stir only until the sugar is dissolved or the fondant will be more or less grainy. In about five minutes after boiling has begun take a little and drop it into a small bowl of very cold water. Immediately plunge in the hand and see if it has thickened sufficiently to be rolled in a very soft ball between thumb and fingers; if not, wait a moment and test it again. These tests must be made rapidly, for the sirup passes very quickly from one stage or degree to another, and if boiled a moment too long the soft ball can be rolled into a soft ball soon as it can be rolled into a soft ball the saucepan quickly from the fire and pour out the sirup on a platter which has been slightly greased with butter or olive oil. Let stand until it is a little more than blood warm, when, if properly boiled, the surface will have a flexible skin which can be slightly indented on pressure; if, however, it should have a granular crust, add to it half as much water as at first and it must be cooked over again. Its condition being right, it should now be stirred with a silver or wooden spoon. It will slowly cloud, then thicken until it is too stiff to be longer stirred. Now take it up quickly in the hands and work and knead as if it were bread dough. Continue this for about five minutes until it feels soft and creamy, then pack it in a bowl or wide mouthed jar and cover tightly, and it will keep unchanged for months.

Whenever the candies themselves are to be made it will be necessary to have some flavorings as strong or concentrated as possible; colorings, which, in the form of color pastes, can be procured from any first class grocer; some shelled nuts and anything else desired, such as dates, figs, etc. While it is possible to purchase special tools, it is not necessary, as a small fork will answer every purpose. Where paraffin or waxed paper cannot be procured, substitute flat dishes, very slightly greased with olive oil or melted butter. Have a shallow pan filled with boiling water.

In a cup or other small dish put a piece of fondant as large as an egg; stand the cup in the hot water and with a fork mash and stir until the fondant is softened to a thick cream. The stirring is obligatory, as, if left untouched, the fondant will melt to a clear sirup. Add a drop or two of coloring and the necessary coloring.

Often a layer of chopped nuts, or sliced fruit may be put between layers of fondant. In these and other ways many pretty variations can be made.

CORRECT DRIVING.

How to Hold the Reins and Manage the Horse.

One cannot drive without sitting down, and that position should from the first be correct, easy and firm, says Country Life in America. Sit squarely down on your seat or cushion, not on the end of your spine, with your feet stuck far out in front as if rowing a boat, but upright and with legs forming an angle at the base of the spine, which will make you for comfort's sake hollow your back, and which position, in turn, will give you a "feel" to wrist, forearm and hand which you never know before.

The reins are held in the left hand, the left or high rein coming over the first finger and thence through the palm, the right or off rein coming between the second and third fingers and thence through the palm, thus separating the reins by the width of two fingers and enabling quite a wide change in direction to be made by merely turning the hand and wrist.

Do not tug at a horse's mouth, but always drive as if any sudden pull or sharp jerk might break the reins. However dull he may be, always have enough feeling of the bit to have him under control and keep him up to it to that extent. At any hole, gutter or sudden elevation be sure your hand and arm freely "follow" his mouth, and do not let them administer a sudden jerk to it as the vehicle drops or rises.

When starting just feel your steed's mouth an instant before you start as a signal to him that you are about to require of him motion, and this should be done whether you mean to go backward or forward. It enables him to tighten his muscles and collect himself, physically and mentally, to obey your instructions.

How to Mend a Saucepan.

Has a tiresome little hole appeared in the bottom of your best porcelain lined or agate saucepan? Don't throw it away—the saucepan, that is—but just take one of those round headed paper clips, such as stenographers, lawyers and teachers use to keep sheets of manuscripts together, push the two ends through the hole, bend them back flat against the outside, hammer the head down flat upon the inside, and there you are.

How to Renovate Mattings.

In taking up matting the tack heads sometimes leave circles of rust. When the matting is to be turned this does not make much difference, but if you wish to remove rust stains have in readiness some muriatic acid, dry cloths, a hot iron, a sponge, a bowl of boiling water, an old nailbrush and a bucket or two of cold water. Cover the spot with white paper and place a hot iron upon it. When the spot is well heated dip in the acid and apply to the spot. This will turn it a vivid yellow. Then dip the brush into the boiling water and very quickly apply it to the spot. Sponge off with cold water. Several applications will be required to correct the effect of the acid, which is very strong. Be careful only to touch the stain, as the acid will spread if given a chance.

How to Wave the Hair.

According to the hairdresser, an easy way to wave the hair without the heated iron is to braid it in three strands, two large and one quite small. Braid loosely and when the end is reached hold the small strand tight and push the others up to the roots and pin it in place to remain over night. Comb the hair out next morning, you will have natural looking waves.

How to Save Fuel in Cooking.

Many people burn too much fuel when cooking. It is quite useless to fill up the grate with coal till the top is red hot. Once a good fire is obtained a small shovelful at a time will keep the oven at an even temperature and cook anything that is wanted on the top of the stove. The fine coal which inevitably accumulates in every cellar should before a fresh supply arrives be carefully swept into a little heap by itself. This should be damped or mixed with wet tea leaves, when it will form a valuable means for keeping in fires during the absence of the household and will save the large coal.

How to Relieve Quinsy.

Bake a large potato, cut it in two and apply to the bare neck as hot as it can possibly be borne. Tie it over with a band of double dannel and keep it on till nearly cold. Repeat the application and leave the dannel bandage off gradually.

How to Clean Ebony Brushes.

Soak the bristles in hot soap lather, rinsing first in hot and then in cold water. The backs should be rubbed with a small mite of linseed oil and then polished with a soft cloth. Dry the bristles as quickly as possible after washing or they are likely to get soft and flabby. Dry thoroughly before using.

How to Make Olive Sandwiches.

Remove pits from olives and chop them fine. Rub cream cheese to a smooth paste, and into this stir the minced olives. Spread thin slices of crustless brown bread with this mixture.

How to Make Borax Soap.

Borax soap will remove all kinds of spots from floors, carpets, painted woodwork, etc. It is easily made by saving all the bits of soap which accumulate in the household and boiling these down with a few teaspoonfuls of borax until it becomes a jelly-like substance.

How to Make Meat Tender.

Tough meat may be made tender by brushing it over with vinegar an hour before using it.

During the past five years 38,800 persons were killed on railways in the United States, and the injured number 253,824, making a daily average of 21 killed and 138 injured.

Taking into consideration the increase of travel, a statistician calculates that 51,882 persons in this country today are to be killed on the railways in the next five years.

No true democrat can fail to either the stalwart or halfbreed faction of the republicans. In neither faction of the party will there be found any tolerance for democratic principles. Both factions uphold President Roosevelt's international atrocities, trust domination and world power schemes which are hideous to democrats and threaten to overthrow free government. The republican row is purely one for spoils, and the factionalists should be encouraged to devour each other to afford the possibility of better and more representative government under democratic administration. Assisting either one or the other faction is to aid the enemy of popular government and is treason to true democracy. — Waukesha Dispatch.

The happiest fellow we ever knew was a fellow who used to sing. He got a frog in his throat and rather than croak he began to hum through his nose. Got this nose cut off and he began to whistle—his lungs gave out and he began to kick his heels together: heels got frost bitten, he began to wiggle his ears: ears got paralyzed and he began to fumble his fingers: fingers got caught in a raspberry jam, he began to wiggle his toes: toes got caught in a rat trap he just up and hung a bell on his neck and said to himself, "Let 'em come again. I am going to die showing my joy somehow." And fate relented and was kind. He was stricken with the ague and could do nothing but shake and the harder he shook the harder the bell rang. You can't beat a fellow who hangs on.

State of Wisconsin, County court for Wood County. In Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Robert Muir, deceased.

Letters testamentary on the estate of said Robert Muir, deceased, having been granted and issued to Catherine Muir on the 5th day of January, A. D. 1904, it is now at this regular term of this court.

Ordered, that all creditors of said Robert Muir, deceased, do present their claims for examination and allowance to this court on or before the 12th day of July, A. D. 1904, which time is hereby limited and allowed for that purpose.

Ordered further, that the claims and demands of all persons against said deceased be presented to, received, examined and adjusted by this September court at the regular term thereof to be held at the probate office in the city of Grand Rapids, in said county, on the first Tuesday, being the 6th day of September, A. D. 1904.

And it is further ordered, that notice of the time and place at which said claims and demands will be received, examined and adjusted as aforesaid, and of the time limited for creditors to present their claims, be given by publishing a copy of this order and notice for four successive weeks in the Grand Rapids Tribune, a weekly newspaper published at the city of Grand Rapids, in said county, the first publication to be within ten days from the date of the order. Dated at the city of Grand Rapids, County of Wood, and state of Wisconsin, this 5th day of January, A. D. 1904. By the court, W. J. CONWAY, County Judge. Frank A. Cady, attorney.

Notice of Application.

Wood County Court—In Probate. STATE OF WISCONSIN, ss. Wood County, ss. In the Matter of the Estate of George Elmore Hoskinson, deceased.

On this 23d day of December, A. D. 1903, upon reading and filing the petition of Caroline Hoskinson, widow of said deceased, stating that George Elmore Hoskinson of the city of Grand Rapids in the county of Wood, died intestate, and about the 12th day of December, 1903, and praying that said Hoskinson be appointed administrator of the estate of said deceased. That said application be heard and is ordered, that said application be heard before me, at the probate office in the city of Grand Rapids on the 10th day of January, A. D. 1904, at 10 o'clock A. M. And it is further ordered, that notice of the time and place appointed for hearing said application be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order for three weeks, publishing in the Grand Rapids Tribune, a newspaper printed in said county, previous to the time appointed for said hearing. By the Court, W. J. CONWAY, County Judge.

J. A. GAYSON, Attorney for Petitioner.

Summons.

State of Wisconsin—Wood County—In Circuit Court.

Matilda Smith, Plaintiff, vs. Eugene W. Smith, Defendant.

The State of Wisconsin to the said Defendant: You are hereby summoned to appear within twenty days after service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and defend the above entitled action in the court above, and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint of which a copy is herewith served upon you. W. J. CONWAY, Plaintiff's Attorney. P. O. address, Grand Rapids, Wood County, Wisconsin.

Patronize Home Industry

by having your work done at the Riverside Steam Laundry. All work guaranteed. GEORGE BOYER, PROP. West Side, Near Commercial House

# KRUGER AND WARNER'S

# ANNIVERSARY SALE

IS STILL ON.

Greatest Bargains ever offered in Clothing and Furnishing Goods Line.

IMPROVE THE OPPORTUNITY. Yours for business,

EAST SIDE,  
WOOD'S BRICK BLOCK

## Kruger & Warner,

GRAND RAPIDS,  
WISCONSIN

### VESPER.

Dance Rummor is at it again. There are whistlings in the air that two of our young people are soon to jump the broomstick. Your correspondent has been busy trying to locate them but up to the present writing has been unsuccessful. Definite information has been as elusive as the will o' the wisp. When anyone has been approached whom the writer had reason to believe had some knowledge concerning this he has been met with a shaking of the head and wise looks.

The M. W. A. have also elected officers. They will give an open installation of officers and have invited the N. F. L. and the R. N. A. to join them and install their officers the same evening. The members and their families only are invited. It is understood that the M. W. A. have something in store for their guests after the installation ceremony is over. The R. N. A. will give the supper at 25 cents per place.

The annual meeting of the Vesper Building association was held on Friday evening and the following officers were elected: Board of directors, O. Otto, L. Johnson, Albert Friedrichs, H. H. Peterson and Wm. Cole. President, W. A. Cole; secretary, Dr. Goedecke; treasurer, C. Otto. The report showed the association to be in a prosperous condition.

The Vesper Council of the N. F. L. have elected the following officers, Councilor, Theodor Albert; V. O. Albert Friedrichs; Sec'y, F. W. Merrill; Treasurer, L. C. Johnson; P. C. J. M. Rindat; Warden, Leo White; O. G. O. Thoman; Trustee for three years, C. Thoman. Installation will be Jan. 15th at 7:30 sharp.

The R. N. A. elected the following officers: Mabel White, O.; Nellie Planagan, V. O.; Mrs. C. Otto, Receiver; Mrs. E. E. Merrill, Recorder; Clara Johnson, Chancellor; Lena Otto, Marshal; Mrs. Emma Friedrichs, L. S.; Mrs. Augusta Katz, O. S.; Manager for three years, H. H. Peterson.

Arthur Otto created some excitement the latter part of last week by letting his horse spill him out of the cutter. Harry McNeill was with him but neither were hurt. The horse ran away doing some slight damage to the cutter. Albert Rasmussen caught the frisky animal.

The Farmer's Institute will be on Thursday and Friday of this week. On Thursday evening there will be speaking and music. Every body interested in farming is invited to come and learn what old and successful farmers are doing in that line.

Miss Mabel White has been enjoying the past week with friends in the Rapids. Her school begins again Monday.

Louis Kluge has his logging camp near Vesper in full operation. He is cutting the timber on No. 7.

Pat. Planagan came out from the Rapids Saturday evening to spend Sunday with his family.

John Jelling went up to Ed. Lynch's camp to work the remainder of the winter.

The Misses Julia and Anna Olson are visiting friends and relatives in Rozellville.

Olivar Iverson of Sherry was in the village yesterday on business.

F. W. Merrill made a flying trip to the Rapids Saturday.

Ed. Flanagan took a chill working in the ice house.

### Children Poisoned.

Many children are poisoned and made nervous and weak, if not killed outright, by mothers giving them cough syrups containing opiates. Foley's Honey and Tar is a safe and certain remedy for coughs, croup and lung trouble, and is the only prominent cough medicine that contains no opiates or other poisons. Sold by Johnson & Hill Co.

### RUDOLPH.

A big surprise party was given at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Mose Sharkey on Thursday night of last week 60 people being present. Refreshments were served and a good time was had by all who attended. Mr. and Mrs. Sharkey were presented with some very nice presents.

Joe Peters of Forest Junction, who is at present the guest of his brother, A. Peters was in your city on Tuesday to have some dental work done.

The dance which was given last Thursday night was well attended and a good time was reported especially by the Grand Rapids boys.

Edith Sharkey who was at home on a short visit returned to his work on Friday. He being employed in the woods up north.

Miss Beatrice Rattelle is attending the Normal School at Stevens Point, she having started after the holidays.

Mr. and Mrs. Herman Gonchoc of Grand Rapids were here to spend Sunday with relatives and friends.

Joe Beimler of Milwaukee was visiting his uncle, John Beimler on Tuesday, returning on Thursday.

There will not be any service at the Catholic church next Sunday for Rev. Van Sever will go to Altdorf.

The show "Wanted a Wife" will be here on Thursday of this week. Do not miss it.

Mrs. A. Chabbers and Mrs. J. F. Logan were shopping in Grand Rapids on Tuesday.

Mr. Hornor of Tomah was the guest of Fred Logan between trains on Monday.

Miss Anna Blain who is employed at Grand Rapids spent Sunday with her parents.

Miss Rosa Rattelle was in Grand Rapids last Saturday on a shopping expedition.

Charlie Karnatz of Grand Rapids was among those who visited here Sunday.

Herbert Logan of Tomah was here on Wednesday the guest of F. Logan.

Will Chambers drove here from Junction City on Sunday afternoon.

Misses Nettie and Dora Akoy of Biron were visiting here last week.

Miss Elmore Blair has resigned her position in Dist. No. 4, Sigel.

L. H. Weyers was a business visitor at Grand Rapids on Tuesday.

Tony Keyzers went to De Pere on Saturday on business.

Arthur Voyer was seen in our town last week.

### KELLNER.

A merry party of young people spent Saturday evening at Ernest Knipples. Dancing was the order of the evening. Every one reports a pleasant evening.

Every one is too busy hauling and sawing wood and hauling hay or potatoes to be sick or go visiting consequently there isn't very much news this week.

The potato market has improved somewhat. Prices today (Monday) are from 45 to 48 cents.

Herman Hickay of Illinois is visiting for a few days with his sisters, Mrs. Martin Timm and Mrs. Hans Braundt.

Mr. Clark of DePere a salesman for the Diamond Brand clothing was a business visitor here last Thursday.

Peter Knudson spent last week in Barron county visiting with old friends and neighbors.

Herman Pribbanow has returned from Dancy where he was employed in the woods.

Wm. Timm is still very ill. There seems to be but little change in his condition.

Henry Pribbanow and Frank Hauneman were Grand Rapids visitors Saturday.

### Resolutions of Respect.

Resolutions of condolence and respect by the Nokosa Moccasin Rock Lodge No. 200, Mystic Workers of the World, as a tribute to the memory of Clara Cook who died Dec. 30, 1903.

Whereas, Death has visited our lodge for the second time and called away our beloved worthy profect, Clara Cook; we have lost a true and faithful member; and,

Whereas, The sudden and untimely death of our worthy who gave promise of a long and prosperous life, is to us a reminder of the uncertainty of life and a certainty of death, and her cheerful and happy presence a gleam of sunshine to us all. She was devoted to her father and mother and respected by all who knew her;

Therefore be it Resolved, That the Nokosa Moccasin Rock lodge, No. 200 Mystic Workers of the World, by its entire membership, does sincerely extend to the father, mother, sisters and brothers their heartfelt sympathies in this hour of their bereavement.

Resolved, As a token of respect for our departed worthy our charter be draped in mourning for thirty days, and this tribute of love to her memory be placed upon the records of our lodge and a copy be transmitted to the parents of our deceased worthy and a copy be sent to our local papers for publication.

One by one they go before us,  
Only left us by the way,  
And our second fond link is broken,  
As our worthy passed away.  
MRS. C. P. THOMPSON.  
ADDIE FEMLING.  
MRS. A. BROWER.  
Committee.

### MARSHFIELD.

The wrestling match on Saturday evening between Fred Beall of this city and the unknown man brought here by Ed Adanson, resulted in a victory for the Marshfield man, he winning the first fall and the last two. The unknown was recognized by one of the audience by the name of Coleman. Coleman was a good man and put up a game fight, but was no match for the local wrestler. The man from the west has quite a reputation in the part of the country from which he came, having thrown every wrestler of any prominence in that section. After the match Coleman's backer made a statement to the audience that he still had faith in his man and was willing to back him for any amount that Beall could put up. It is not known at this time whether another match will be arranged between the two men, altho Beall is confident that he can do the trick again as easily as he did before. The men are of about equal weight and those who saw the match say that it was a good one.

By a unanimous vote of the nine aldermen present the common council at its regular monthly meeting on Monday evening adopted the general law of Wisconsin for the government of cities, commonly known as the general charter, to take the place of the special charter under which the city has been working for a number of years. The change will be made as soon as the patent is signed by Governor LaFollette or within a couple of weeks.

The Misses Rose and Caroline Kautz, of Grand Rapids, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. M. G. Fleckenstein over New Years and Sunday.

Assemblyman Frank A. Cady, of Grand Rapids, who has a branch law office in the Adler block, spent Tuesday in the city.

Arthur Papin, of Grand Rapids, at one time prescription clerk at Sexton's, spent Saturday in the city visiting friends.

John White, the insurance man, was in Grand Rapids on Monday looking after business in his line.

### Report Of the Seneca, Sigel & Rudolph Mutual Fire Insurance Company.

Risks.	No.	Amount
In force Dec. 31st, 1902.	1294	\$1,279,759.00
Written and renewed during the year 1903.	382	\$21,989.00
Total.	1677	\$1,301,748.00
Cancelled and expired.	340	\$21,782.00
In force Dec. 31st, 1903.	1337	\$1,280,000.00

Balance Sheet.	Amount
Balance on hand Dec. 31st, 1902.	\$305.35
Income during the year 1903.	\$1,827.15
Cash received for premiums.	\$1,827.81
Cash received for assessments.	3,353.31
Total received.	\$3,353.31
Sum of both amounts.	\$3,658.66
Disbursements during the year 1903:	
Paid for losses.	\$2,152.50
Paid for salaries and fees.	\$15.00
Other payments and expenditures.	\$81.04
Total of expenditures during year 1903.	\$2,248.54
Cash balance on hand Dec. 31st, 1903.	\$1,410.12

Officers.—Town of Seneca, Wm. Jackson and Wm. Peters; town of St. J. C. Matthews and Ed. Polopsky; town of Rudolph, John T. Tagels and Frank Whitman.  
President—John T. Tagels, postoffice Centralia.  
Vice President—J. C. Matthews, postoffice Centralia.  
Secretary—Wm. Peters, postoffice Centralia.  
Treasurer—Louis Zeumann, postoffice Centralia.

Agents.—J. C. Henke for the towns of Sigel, Rudolph and Carson.  
Martin Jackson for the towns of Seneca, Hansen, Port Edwards, Grand Rapids and Cranmore.  
N. M. Berg for the towns of Apple, Auburn, Dale, Marshfield and Cumerson.  
J. A. Lutzmaier for the towns of Sherry and Milladore.  
Wm. Gualke for the towns of Grant and Saratoga.  
J. A. Kruger for the towns of Dexter, Illus and Remington.  
E. D. Ayers for the towns of Wood and Cary.  
Henry Elbe for the towns of Richfield, Rock and Lincoln.

### In Memory of Mrs. John Besaw.

Let us be patient! These severe afflictions  
Not from the ground arise,  
But oftentimes celestial benedictions  
Assume this dark disguise.

Our friend and dear mother  
Has gone from her home,  
To meet the dear Savior  
And with Him to roam.

Thy voice gently called  
And He opened the door,  
And thy mother was brought  
To that beautiful shore.

Our mother dear from us has gone,  
A voice we love is stilled;  
A place is vacant in our home  
Which never can be filled.

God in his wisdom has recalled  
The boon his love had given;  
And tho the body molders here,  
The soul is safe in heaven.

### Found a Cure for Indigestion.

I use Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets for indigestion and find that they suit my case better than any dyspepsia remedy I have tried and I have used many different remedies. I am nearly fifty-one years of age and have no indigestion. I can eat almost anything I want to now.—Geo. W. Emory, Rock Mills, Ala. For sale at Otto's Pharmacy.

### MARKET REPORT.

The following are the market prices of produce in the city of Grand Rapids corrected on the day of publication:

Potatoes, 1/2 bushel.....	4.45
Wheat, No. 2, 1/2 bushel.....	6.00
Rye, 1/2 bushel.....	5.00
Oats, 1/2 bushel.....	3.75
Corn, shelled, 1/2 bushel.....	1.00
Hay, timothy, 1/2 ton.....	6.00
Hay, timothy, 1/2 ton.....	2.00
Eggs, 1/2 dozen.....	27
Butter, 1/2 lb.....	15 1/2
Beans, 1/2 bushel.....	1.25
Peas, 1/2 bushel.....	1.25
Onions, 1/2 bushel.....	1.75
Beef, live, 1/2 lb.....	2.00
Beef, dressed, 1/2 lb.....	3.50
Pork, live.....	4.50
Pork, dressed.....	4.00
Veal, live, 1/2 lb.....	.04
Veal, dressed, 1/2 lb.....	6 1/2
Chickens, live, 1/2 lb.....	6 1/2
Chickens, dressed, 1/2 lb.....	12
Turkeys, live, 1/2 lb.....	8
Turkeys, dressed, 1/2 lb.....	13 1/2
Flour, patent, 2 1/2 bbl.....	4.50
Feed, 1/2 ton.....	22.50
Middlings, 1/2 ton.....	17.50
Bean, 1/2 ton.....	17.00
Boiled Corn Meal, 1 bbl.....	3.75
Lard, 1/2 ton.....	11
Whole Hams, 1/2 ton.....	12
Mess Pork, 1 bbl.....	14.50

### Pneumonia and La Grippe.

Coughs cured quickly by Foley's Honey and Tar. Refuse substitutes. Sold by Johnson & Hill Co.

## CONTINUANCE OF OUR ..Annual Clearing Sale..

### In Coats, Capes and Furs.

Black, satin lined, Princess, the new tight fit, \$18.00 at.....\$11.98  
Same as above, \$12.50 values..... 8.98  
Also \$18.00 coat at..... 9.98  
One fine tan coat, satin lined, \$20.00, at..... 14.98

All our Jackets from 7 to \$10 to go at \$4.98 until "aus geispielt," which means "played out."

Fine Alaska seal jackets, \$35.00 and \$40.00 values at.....\$27.50  
Only a few wool seal jackets, \$35.00 values, at..... 21.50  
One \$25.00 wool seal jacket at..... 16.50  
Wool seal with raccoon collar, \$40.00, at..... 25.00  
Wool seal capes, satin lined, trimmed with cone, cone collar, \$30.00 18.50  
Fine black Astrachan cape, satin lined, \$25.00 values at..... 14.50  
Fine plush capes, 6.50, 8.00 10.00 and \$12.00 at.....\$4.98, 5.98, 6.98  
Beat that if you can.

Elegant satin lined cape 12.00, 14.00 and \$15.00 values at.....\$9.98

Only a few fur scarfs left, following are some of them:

Long sable fox scarf, \$20.00, now.....\$14.98  
Short sable fox scarf, extra long tails and fine fur, \$12.00, now..... 7.50  
Long Bear scarf, \$9.50, at..... 5.98  
Sable Opossum, \$8.75, at..... 5.98

And to cap the climax we will give 20 per cent discount on all fur goods not listed. You cannot grasp the meaning of our offer until you come and examine our goods, so come at once.

## HEINEMAN MERCANTILE COMPANY.